



**Storage
Performance
Council**



**SPC BENCHMARK 1™
FULL DISCLOSURE REPORT**

**TELECOMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY ASSOCIATION
JET-SPEED™ HHS3124F / HHS2112F (10 NODES)**

SPC-1 V3.8

SUBMISSION IDENTIFIER: A31019

SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW: DECEMBER 4, 2018

First Edition – December 2018

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Benchmark Specification and Glossary

The official SPC Benchmark 1™ (SPC-1™) specification is available on the website of the Storage Performance Council (SPC) at www.spcresults.org.

The SPC-1™ specification contains a glossary of the SPC-1™ terms used in this publication.

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AUDIT CERTIFICATION



The Right Metric For Sizing IT



Cheol-Soon Park
 Telecommunications Technology Association
 47, Bundang-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-city,
 Gyeonggi-do, 13591
 Republic of Korea

December 3, 2018

I verified the SPC Benchmark 1™ (SPC-1™ Revision3.8) test execution and performance results of the following Tested Storage Product:

JET-SPEED™ HHS3124F / HHS2112F (10 NODES)

The results were:

| | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| SPC-1 IOPS™ | 2,410,271 |
| SPC-1 Price-Performance™ | \$287.01/SPC-1 KIOPS™ |
| SPC-1 IOPS™ Response Time | 0.311 ms |
| SPC-1 Overall Response Time | 0.205 ms |
| SPC-1 ASU Capacity | 46,789 GB |
| SPC-1 Space Effectiveness Ratio | NA |
| SPC-1 ASU Price | \$14.79/GB |
| SPC-1 Total System Price | \$691,767.07 |

In my opinion, these performance results were produced in compliance with the SPC requirements for the benchmark.

The testing was executed using the SPC-1 Toolkit Version 0xe28e08v3.0.2. The audit process was conducted in accordance with the SPC Policies and met the requirements for the benchmark.

A Letter of Good Faith was issued by the Test Sponsor, stating the accuracy and completeness of the documentation and testing data provided in support of the audit of this result.

A Full Disclosure Report for this result was prepared by InfoSizing, reviewed and approved by the Test Sponsor, and can be found at www.spcresults.org under the Submission Identifier A31019.

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A31019

Jet-speed™ HHS3124F / HHS2112F (10 Nodes)

p.2

The independent audit process conducted by InfoSizing included the verifications of the following items:

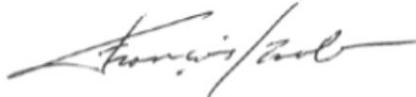
- The physical capacity of the data repository;
- The total capacity of the Application Storage Unit (ASU);
- The accuracy of the Benchmark Configuration diagram;
- The tuning parameters used to configure the Benchmark Configuration;
- The Workload Generator commands used to execute the testing;
- The validity and integrity of the test result files;
- The compliance of the results from each performance test;
- The compliance of the results from the persistence test;
- The compliance of the submitted pricing model; and
- The differences between the tested and the priced configuration, if any.

The Full Disclosure Report for this result was prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements set forth in the specification for the benchmark.

The following benchmark requirements, if any, were waived according to the SPC Policies:

- None.

Respectfully Yours,



François Raab, Certified SPC Auditor

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LETTER OF GOOD FAITH



한국정보통신기술협회
Telecommunications Technology Association

47, Bundang-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-city,
Gyeonggi-do, 13591, Republic of Korea
TEL : 82-31-724-0114

December 3, 2018

From: Telecommunications Technology Association

To: Mr. Francois Raab, Certified SPC Auditor
InfoSizing, Inc.
20 Kreg Lane
Manitou Springs, CO 80829

Subject: SPC-1 Letter of Good Faith for the Telecommunications
Technology Association JetSpeed™ HHS3124F/2112F

Telecommunications Technology Association is the SPC-1 Test Sponsor for the above listed product. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the required SPC-1 benchmark results and materials we have submitted for that product are complete, accurate, and in full compliance with V3.8 of the SPC-1 benchmark specification.

In addition, we have reported any items in the Benchmark Configuration and execution of the benchmark that affected the reported results even if the items are not explicitly required to be disclosed by the SPC-1 benchmark specification.

Signed:

Park C. S.

Cheol-Soon Park
Vice President,
Telecommunications Technology Association

Date:

Dec. 3, 2018



SPC BENCHMARK 1™

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

TELECOMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY ASSOCIATION JET-SPEED HHS3124F / HHS2112F (10 NODES)

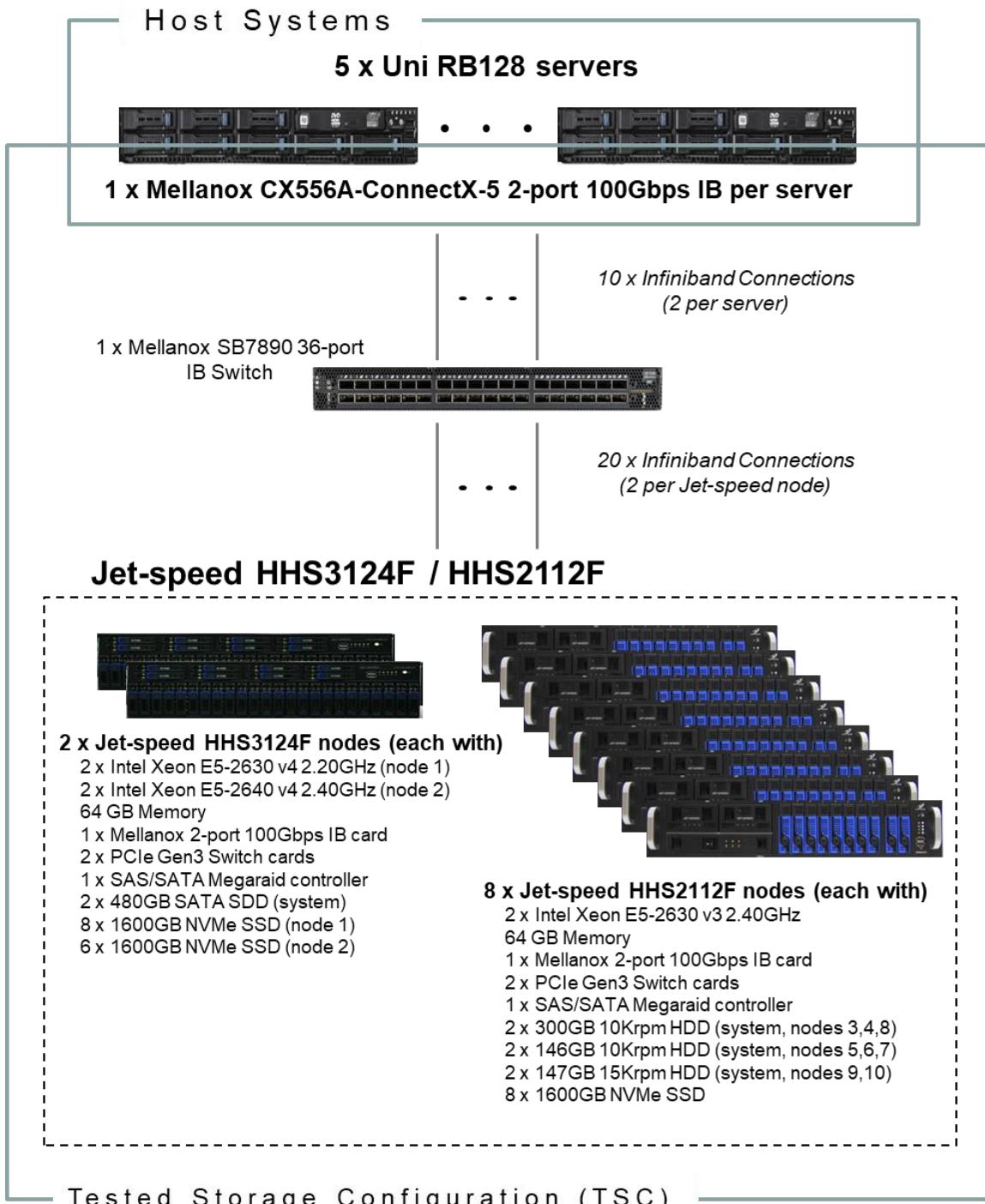
| | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| SPC-1 IOPS™ | 2,410,271 |
| SPC-1 Price-Performance™ | \$287.01/SPC-1 KIOPS™ |
| SPC-1 IOPS™ Response Time | 0.311 ms |
| SPC-1 Overall Response Time | 0.205 ms |
| SPC-1 ASU Capacity | 46,789 GB |
| SPC-1 Space Effectiveness Ratio | NA |
| SPC-1 ASU Price | \$14.79/GB |
| SPC-1 Total System Price | \$691,767.07 |
| Data Protection Level | Protected 1 (RAID 1+0) |
| Physical Storage Capacity | 129,976.GB |
| Pricing Currency / Target Country | U.S. Dollars / Korea |

SPC-1 V3.8

SUBMISSION IDENTIFIER: A31019

SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW: DECEMBER 4, 2018

Benchmark Configuration Diagram



Tested Storage Product Description

The intelligent Hyper Hybrid Storage HHS3124F/HHS2112F present an ultra-high speed, all-NVMe RAID storage platform. The systems guarantee stability and performance through its own control system and management system using Intel® Xeon® controller.

Data stability and redundancy is secured by implementing a PCIe RAID architecture. Flash SSD performance degradation and breakdown rates that are caused by frequent write operations are innovatively reduced. Especially, the HHS3124F, which supports concurrent use of NVMe Flash SSDs and Tajin Infotech's NVMe RAM-based SSDs, can activate data cache engine which is configured to improve data I/O performance using the controller's own cache as well as the NVMe RAM-based SSD.

Note: NVMe RAM-based SSDs were not used for this SPC-1 result.

For more details, visit:

http://www.taejin.co.kr/wp/?page_id=11611

Priced Storage Configuration Components

| |
|--|
| 5 x Mellanox CX556A-ConnectX-5 2-port 100Gbps IB cards (1 per host) |
| 2 x Jet-speed HHS3124F storage nodes, each with: |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 x Intel Xeon CPU E5-2630 v4 2.20GHz 10-core (node 1) 2 x Intel Xeon CPU E5-2640 v4 2.40GHz 10-core (node 2) 4 x 16GB DDR4 Memory 1 x Mellanox 2-port 100Gbps IB card 1 x SAS/SATA MegaRAID controller 2 x PCIe Gen3 switch cards 2 x 480GB SATA 6Gbps SSD (System) 8 x 1600GB NVMe SSD 2.5' SFF (node 1) 6 x 1600GB NVMe SSD 2.5' SFF (node 2) |
| 8 x Jet-speed HHS2112F storage nodes, each with: |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 x Intel Xeon CPU E5-2630 v3 2.40GHz 8-core 4 x 16GB DDR4 Memory 2 x PCIe Gen3 switch cards 1 x Mellanox 2-port 100Gbps IB card 1 x SAS/SATA MegaRAID controller 2 x 300GB SAS 10Krpm HDD (System, nodes 3,4,8) 2 x 146GB SAS 10Krpm HDD (System, nodes 5,6,7) 2 x 147GB SAS 15Krpm HDD (System, nodes 9,10) 8 x 1600GB NVMe SSD 2.5' SFF |
| Mellanox SB7890 100 Gbps 36-port IB Switch |

Storage Configuration Pricing

| | Description | Qty | Unit Price | Ext. Price | Disc. | Disc. Price |
|---|---|-----|------------|------------|-------|-------------------|
| Hardware & Software | | | | | | |
| 90102-0001-00A | HHS2112F All NVMe Storage (2U / 12 disk bays Dual Intel Xeon E5-2600v3/v4 Family, 16x DIMM Slots, 800W redundant PSU 80Plus platinum) | 8 | 50,379.73 | 403,037.82 | 50% | 201,518.91 |
| 90102-0002-00A | HHS3124F All NVMe Storage (3U / 24 disk bays Dual Intel Xeon E5-2600v3/v4 Family, 16x DIMM Slots, 1000W redundant PSU 80Plus platinum) | 2 | 91,777.78 | 183,555.56 | 50% | 91,777.78 |
| 20204-0001-00A | DDR4 16GB PC4-17000 ECC/REG (16GB PC4-17000 DDR Rdimm Ecc Reg RX8 CL17 1.2V) | 28 | 179.64 | 5,029.89 | 0% | 5,029.89 |
| 20204-0002-00A | DDR4 16GB PC4-19200 ECC/REG (16GB PC4-19200 DDR Rdimm Ecc Reg RX8 CL17 1.2V) | 12 | 179.64 | 2,155.67 | 0% | 2,155.67 |
| 22209-0001-00A | 100G IB EDR HBC CARD CX556A - ConnectX-5 (ConnectX-5 Ex VPI Adapter Card EDR IB and 100GbE Dual-port QSFP28 PCIe4.0 x16 Tall Bracket ROHS R6) | 15 | 951.00 | 14,265.00 | 0% | 14,265.00 |
| 22202-0001-00A | Raid Controller SAS Megaraid 9361-8i (up to 8 SATA or SAS drives via direct connection or up to 240 drives with SAS expander) | 10 | 931.61 | 9,316.10 | 0% | 9,316.10 |
| 22506-0003-00A | SSD 480GB 2.5" 6Gb SATA3 | 4 | 281.64 | 1,126.56 | 0% | 1,126.56 |
| 22505-0001-00A | HDD 300GB 2.5" 10KRPM 6Gb SAS | 4 | 55.00 | 220.00 | 0% | 220.00 |
| 22505-0001-00A | HDD 300GB 2.5" 10.5KRPM 6Gb SAS | 2 | 55.00 | 110.00 | 0% | 110.00 |
| 22505-0002-00A | HDD 146GB 2.5" 10KRPM 6Gb SAS | 6 | 40.07 | 240.42 | 0% | 240.42 |
| 22505-0002-00A | HDD 147GB 2.5" 15KRPM 6Gb SAS | 4 | 42.10 | 168.40 | 0% | 168.40 |
| 22501-0003-00A | NVMe SSD 1.6TB, HGST, SN200, 2.5" SFF | 8 | 1,306.62 | 10,452.96 | 0% | 10,452.96 |
| 22501-0003-00A | SSF | 14 | 1,306.62 | 18,292.68 | 0% | 18,292.68 |
| 22501-0003-00A | NVMe SSD 1.6TB, Intel, DCP4600 2.5" SSF | 56 | 1,306.62 | 73,170.73 | 0% | 73,170.73 |
| 31020-0008-00 | Board PCIe Switching GEN3 x8 4Port for HHS2112F,HHS3124F | 20 | 5,038.95 | 100,779.00 | 50% | 50,389.50 |
| 10401-0001-00A | MSB7890ES2F 100G IB SWITCH By Mellanox (36-port Non-blocking Externally-managed EDR) | 1 | 18,423.08 | 18,423.08 | 0% | 18,423.08 |
| 22809-0001-00A | MCP1600-E002 IB EDR Cable | 30 | 136.76 | 4,102.79 | 0% | 4,102.79 |
| 58090-0001-00A | 42U Rack Cabinet | 1 | 776.59 | 776.59 | 0% | 776.59 |
| 60304-0002-00A | Glueys Anystore Enterprise, AnyManager SW (NAS O/S, RAID 0/1/10/5/6, Protocol NFS/CIFS/AFP, NVMe Option, UI Mgt. etc.) | 10 | 20,000.00 | 200,000.00 | 50% | 100,000.00 |
| Hardware & Software Subtotal | | | | | | 601,537.07 |
| Support & Maintenance | | | | | | |
| A0103-0001-00A | Premium Package 3-Year Support & Maintenance | 10 | 18,046.00 | 180,460.00 | 50% | 90,230.00 |
| Support & Maintenance Subtotal | | | | | | 90,230.00 |
| SPC-1 Total System Price | | | | | | 691,767.07 |
| SPC-1 IOPS™ | | | | | | 2,410,271 |
| SPC-1 Price-Performance™ (\$/SPC-1 KIOPS™) | | | | | | 287.01 |
| SPC-1 ASU Capacity (GB) | | | | | | 46,789 |
| SPC-1 ASU Price (\$/GB) | | | | | | 14.79 |

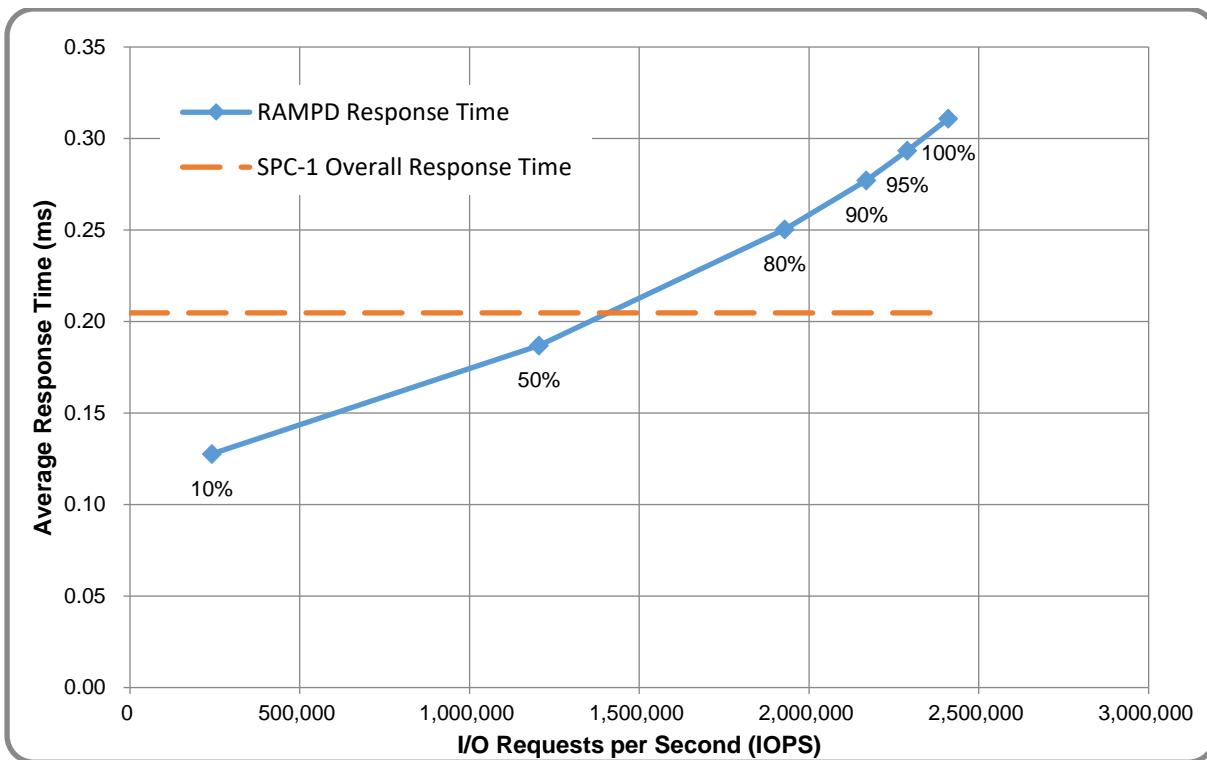
Third-Party Reseller: TTA is the sponsor of this result but does not directly sell the products and components of the Priced Storage Configuration (PSC). The above reflects the pricing quoted by the vendor and third-party reseller Taejin Infotech Co., Ltd. See Appendix B of the Full Disclosure Report for a copy of the third-party reseller's quotation.

Discount Details: The discounts shown are based on the storage capacity purchased and are generally available.

Warranty: The 3-year maintenance and support included in the above pricing meets or exceeds a 24x7 coverage with a 4-hour response time.

Availability Date: Currently available.

Response Time and Throughput Graph



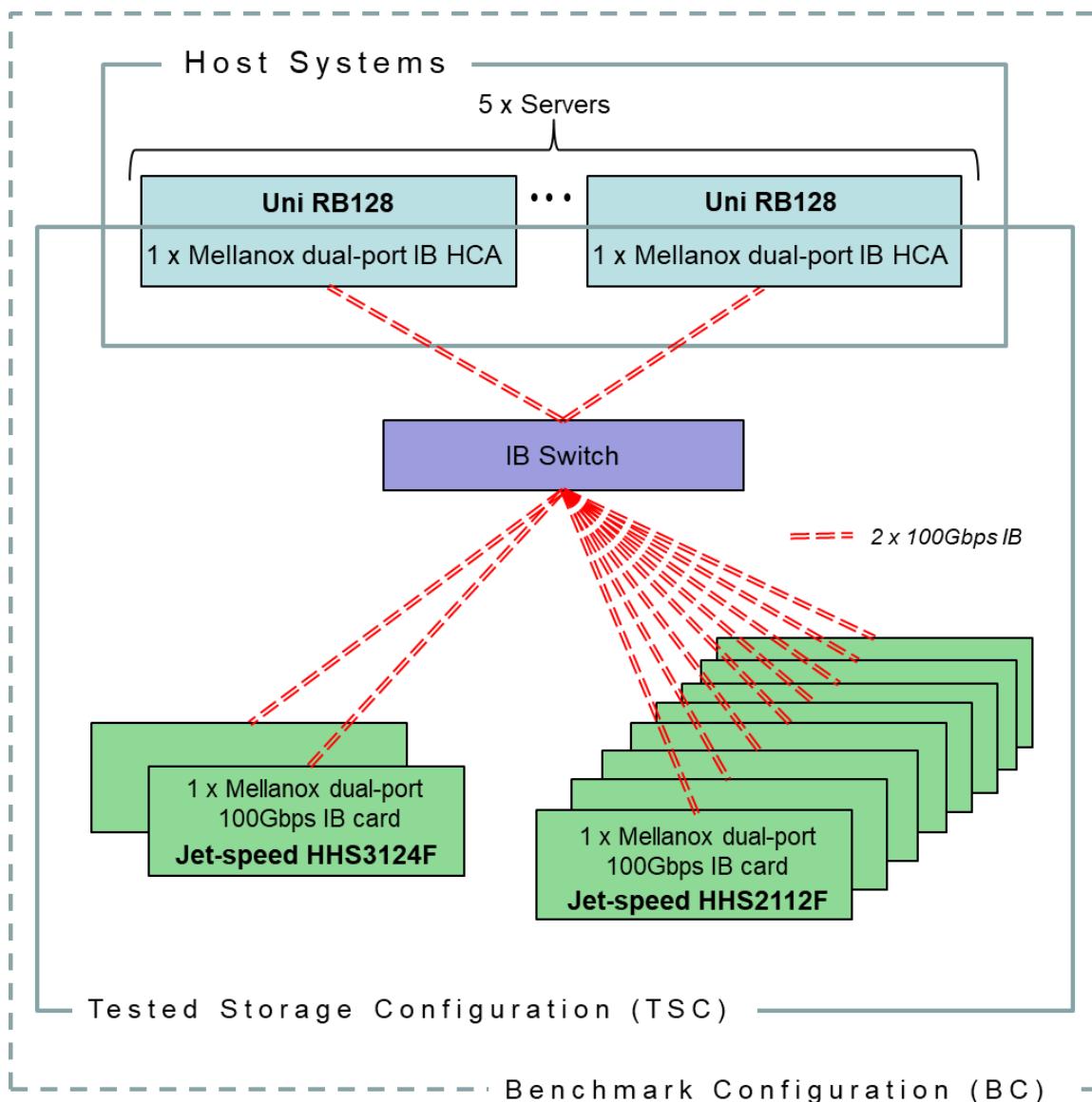
| Contact Information | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Test Sponsor Primary Contact | TTA – http://tta.or.kr/eng/index.jsp Hyojin (Kailynne) Kim – hjkim16@tta.or.kr |
| SPC Auditor | InfoSizing – www.sizing.com Francois Raab – francois@sizing.com |

| Revision Information | |
|--|----------------|
| SPC Benchmark 1™ Revision | V3.8.0 |
| SPC-1 Workload Generator Revision | 0xe28e08v3.0.2 |
| Publication Revision History | First Edition |

CONFIGURATION INFORMATION

Benchmark Configuration and Tested Storage Configuration

The following diagram illustrates the Benchmark Configuration (BC), including the Tested Storage Configuration (TSC) and the Host System(s).



Storage Network Configuration

The Tested Storage Configuration (TSC) involved ten storage nodes of two types (two HHS3124F nodes and eight HHS2112F nodes), driven by five Uni RB128 host systems. Each host had two connections to a Mellanox SB7890 InfiniBand (IB) Switch. Each of the ten Jet-speed storage nodes had two connections to the Mellanox SB7890 IB Switch. All connections operated at 100Gbps.

Host System and Tested Storage Configuration Components

The following table lists the components of the Host System(s) and the Tested Storage Configuration (TSC).

| Host Systems |
|--|
| 5 x Uni RB128 x86 Servers 2 x Intel Xeon E5-2699 v4 2.20 GHz 22-core 12 x 32GB DDR4 Memory CentOS 7.4 (64-bit) |
| Priced Storage Configuration |
| 5 x Mellanox CX556A-ConnectX-5 2-port 100Gbps IB cards (1 per host) |
| 2 x Jet-speed HHS3124F storage nodes, each with: 2 x Intel Xeon CPU E5-2630 v4 2.20GHz 10-core (node 1) 2 x Intel Xeon CPU E5-2640 v4 2.40GHz 10-core (node 2) 4 x 16GB DDR4 Memory 1 x Mellanox 2-port 100Gbps IB card 1 x SAS/SATA MegaRAID controller 2 x PCIe Gen3 switch cards 2 x 480GB SATA 6Gbps SSD (System) 8 x 1600GB NVMe SSD 2.5' SFF (node 1) 6 x 1600GB NVMe SSD 2.5' SFF (node 2) |
| 8 x Jet-speed HHS2112F storage nodes, each with: 2 x Intel Xeon CPU E5-2630 v3 2.40GHz 8-core 4 x 16GB DDR4 Memory 2 x PCIe Gen3 switch cards 1 x Mellanox 2-port 100Gbps IB card 1 x SAS/SATA MegaRAID controller 2 x 300GB SAS 10Krpm HDD (System, nodes 3,4,8) 2 x 146GB SAS 10Krpm HDD (System, nodes 5,6,7) 2 x 147GB SAS 15Krpm HDD (System, nodes 9,10) 8 x 1600GB NVMe SSD 2.5' SFF |
| Mellanox SB7890 100 Gbps 36-port IB Switch |

Differences Between Tested and Priced Storage Configurations

There were no differences between the Tested Storage Configuration and the Priced Storage Configuration.

Component Changes in Revised Full Disclosure Report

The following table outlines component changes that were made in revisions to this Full Disclosure Report.

| Original Component | Revised Component | Description of Change |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| n/a | n/a | Initial submission |

Benchmark Configuration Creation Process

Customer Tuning Parameters and Options

All the customer tuning parameters and options that have been altered from their default values for this benchmark are included in Appendix C and in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A).

Tested Storage Configuration Creation

A detailed description of how the logical representation of the TSC was created is included in Appendix D and in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A).

Tested Storage Configuration Inventory

An inventory of the components in the TSC, as seen by the Benchmark Configuration, is included in Appendix E and in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A).

Workload Generator Storage Configuration

The SPC-1 Workload Generator storage configuration commands and parameters used to invoke the execution of the tests are included in Appendix F and in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A).

Logical Volume Capacity and ASU Mapping

The following table details the capacity of each ASU and how they are mapped to logical volumes (LV).

| | LV per ASU | LV Capacity | Used per LV | Total per ASU | % ASU Capacity |
|---------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|----------------|
| ASU-1 | 9 | 2,339.49 | 2,339.49 | 21,055.41 | 45.00% |
| ASU-2 | 9 | 2,339.49 | 2,339.49 | 21,055.41 | 45.00% |
| ASU-3 | 1 | 4,678.33 | 4,678.33 | 4,678.33 | 10.00% |
| SPC-1 ASU Capacity | | | | 46,789.15 | |

Physical Storage Capacity and Utilization

The following table details the Physical Capacity of the storage devices and the Physical Capacity Utilization (percentage of Total Physical Capacity used) in support of hosting the ASUs.

| Devices | Count | Physical Capacity | Total Capacity |
|--|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1,600GB NVMe SSD | 78 | 1,600.00 | 124,800.00 |
| 480GB SSD (system) | 4 | 479.60 | 1,918.40 |
| 300GB HDD (system) | 6 | 299.00 | 1,794.00 |
| 146GB HDD (system) | 6 | 146.30 | 877.80 |
| 147GB HDD (system) | 4 | 146.46 | 585.84 |
| Total Physical Storage Capacity | | | 129,976.04 |
| Physical Capacity Utilization | | | 36.00% |

Data Protection

The data protection level used for all logical volumes was **Protected 1**, which was accomplished on the NVMe storage nodes by combining pairs of nearby NVMe SSDs in RAID 1 volumes and creating a RAID 0 volume over all of the RAID 1 volumes.

BENCHMARK EXECUTION RESULTS

This portion of the Full Disclosure Report documents the results of the various SPC-1 Tests, Test Phases, and Test Runs.

Benchmark Execution Overview

Workload Generator Input Parameters

The SPC-1 Workload Generator commands and input parameters for the Test Phases are presented in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A).

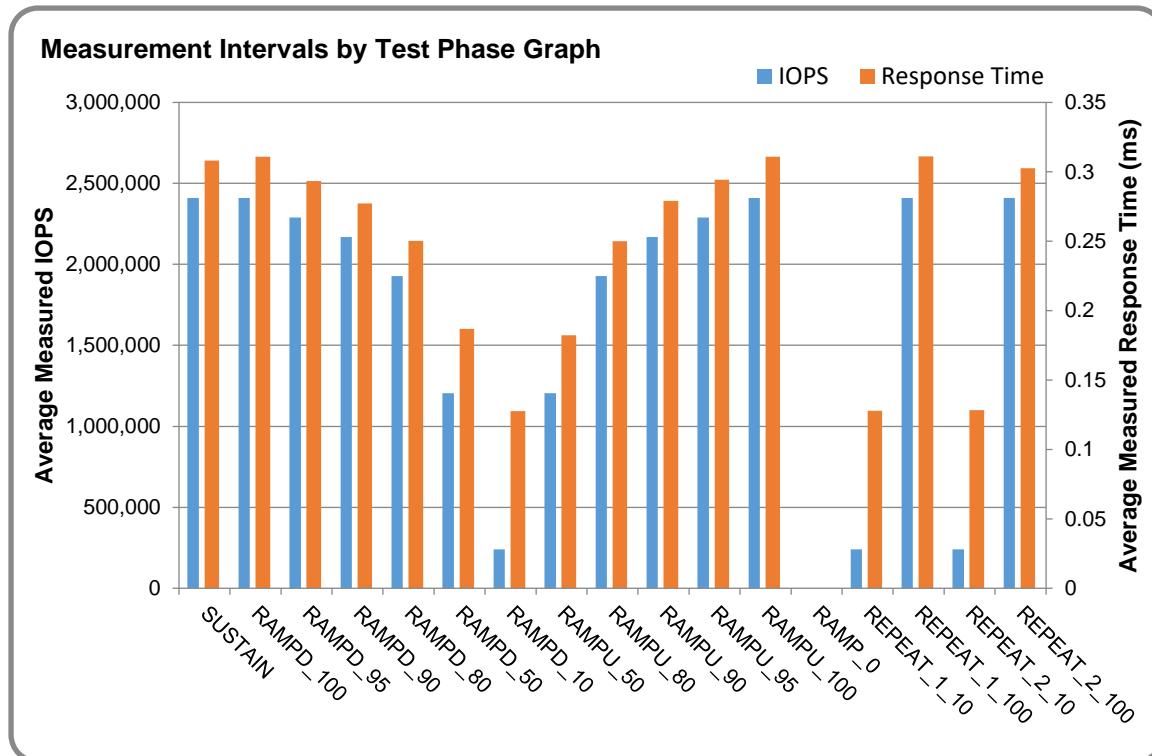
Primary Metrics Test Phases

The benchmark execution consists of the Primary Metrics Test Phases, including the Test Phases SUSTAIN, RAMPD_100 to RAMPD_10, RAMPU_50 to RAMPU_100, RAMP_0, REPEAT_1 and REPEAT_2.

Each Test Phase starts with a transition period followed by a Measurement Interval.

Measurement Intervals by Test Phase Graph

The following graph presents the average IOPS and the average Response Times measured over the Measurement Interval (MI) of each Test Phase.



Exception and Waiver

None.

SUSTAIN Test Phase

SUSTAIN – Results File

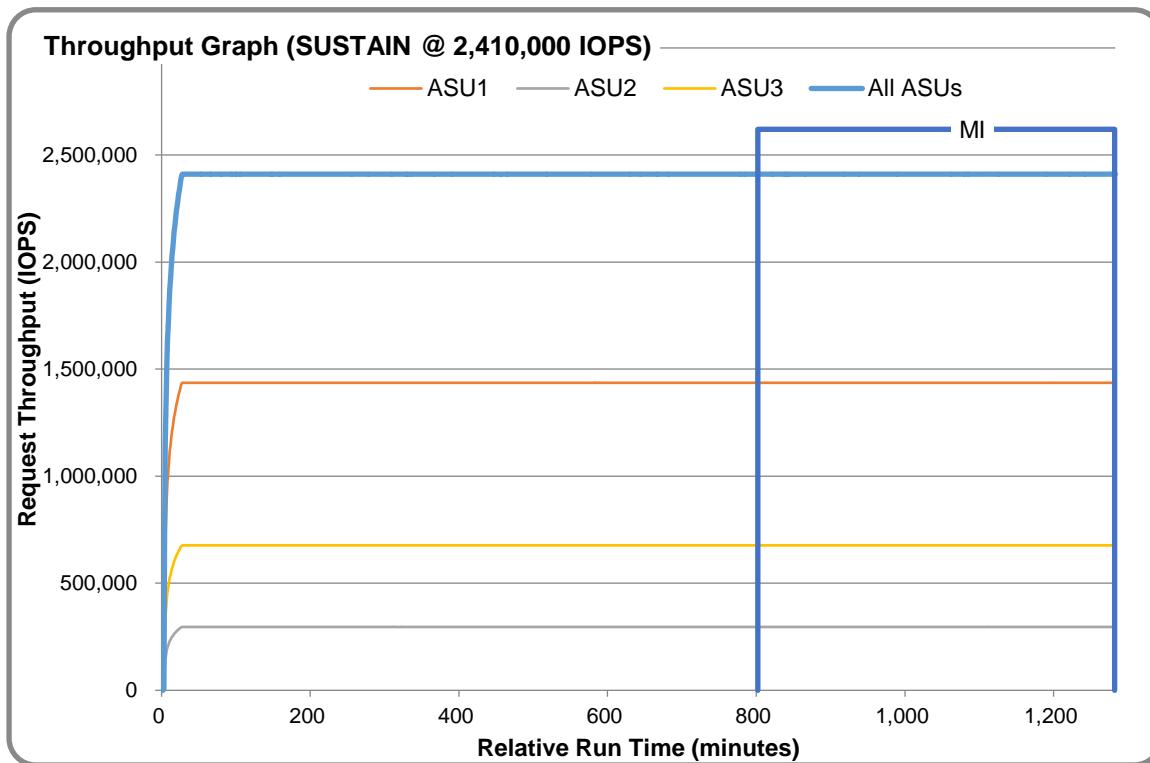
The results file generated during the execution of the SUSTAIN Test Phase is included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) as follows:

- **SPC1_METRICS_0_Raw_Results.xlsx**

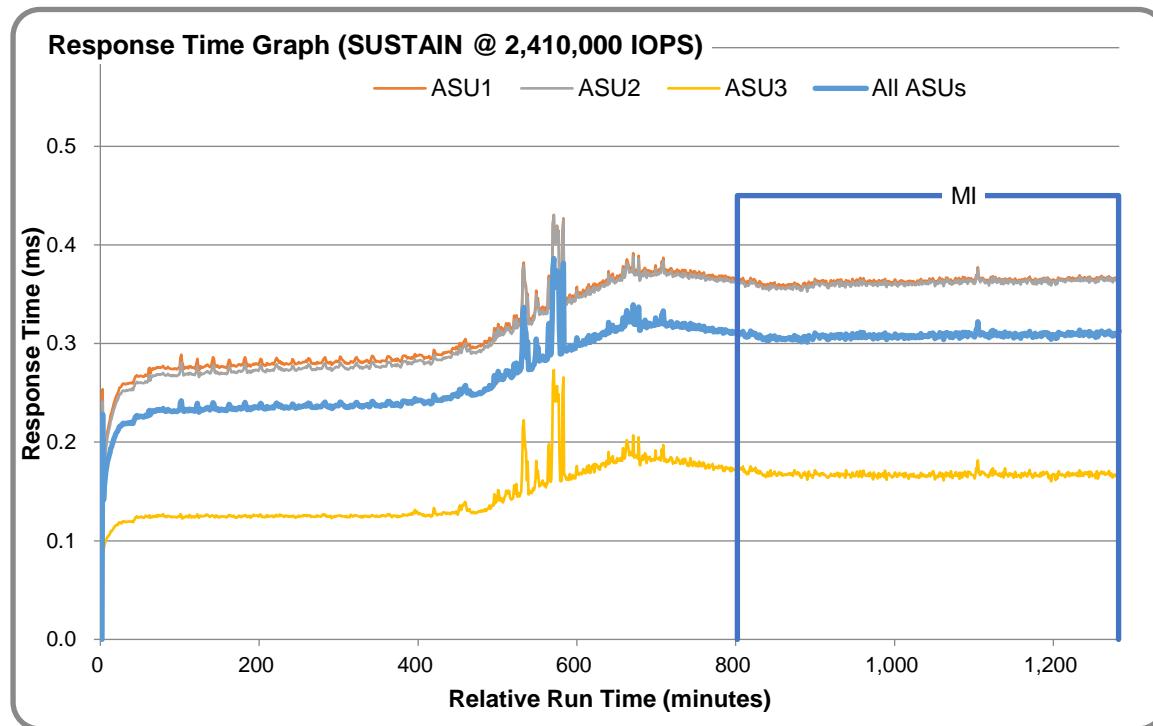
SUSTAIN – Execution Times

| Interval | Start Time | End Time | Duration |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Transition Period | 14-Nov-18 08:15:28 | 14-Nov-18 21:35:25 | 13:19:56 |
| Measurement Interval | 14-Nov-18 21:35:25 | 15-Nov-18 05:35:26 | 8:00:01 |

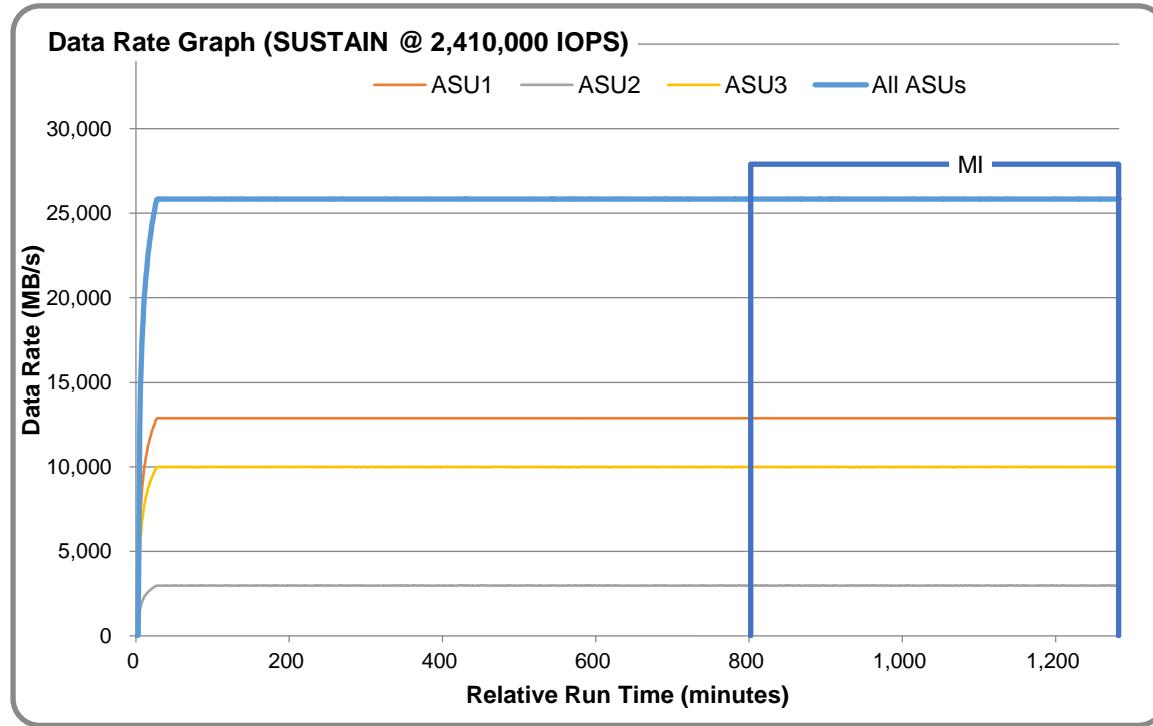
SUSTAIN – Throughput Graph



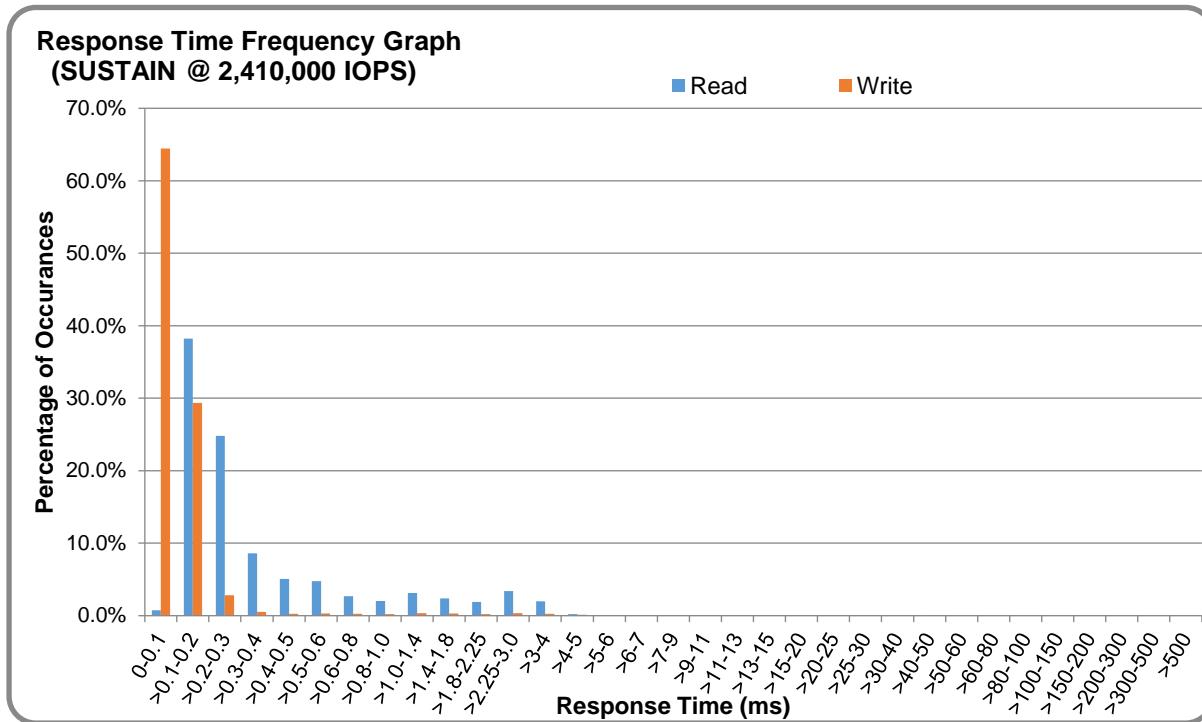
SUSTAIN – Response Time Graph



SUSTAIN – Data Rate Graph



SUSTAIN – Response Time Frequency Graph



SUSTAIN – Intensity Multiplier

The following table lists the targeted intensity multiplier (Defined), the measured intensity multiplier (Measured) for each I/O STREAM, its coefficient of variation (Variation) and the percentage of difference (Difference) between Target and Measured.

| | ASU1-1 | ASU1-2 | ASU1-3 | ASU1-4 | ASU2-1 | ASU2-2 | ASU2-3 | ASU3-1 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Defined | 0.0350 | 0.2810 | 0.0700 | 0.2100 | 0.0180 | 0.0700 | 0.0350 | 0.2810 |
| Measured | 0.0350 | 0.2810 | 0.0700 | 0.2100 | 0.0180 | 0.0700 | 0.0350 | 0.2810 |
| Variation | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0003 | 0.0002 | 0.0006 | 0.0003 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 |
| Difference | 0.006% | 0.003% | 0.004% | 0.002% | 0.001% | 0.004% | 0.003% | 0.002% |

RAMPD_100 Test Phase

RAMPD 100 – Results File

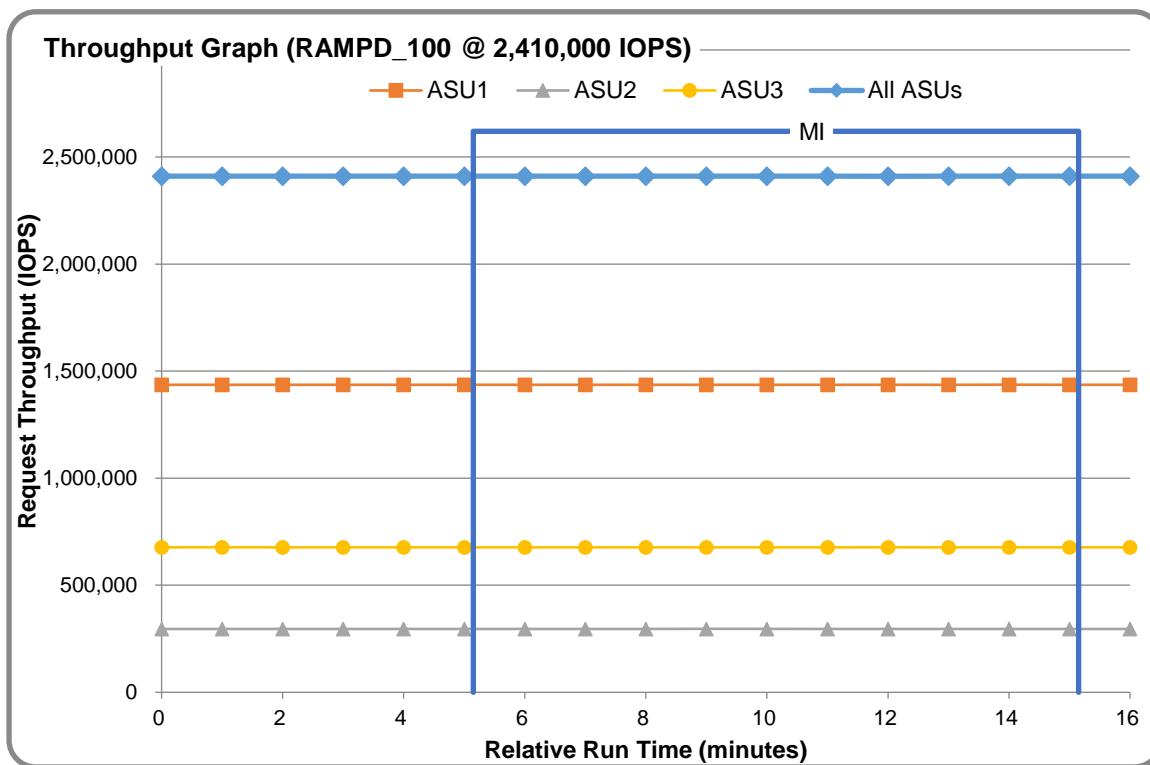
The results file generated during the execution of the RAMPD_100 Test Phase is included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) as follows:

- **SPC1_METRICS_0_Raw_Results.xlsx**

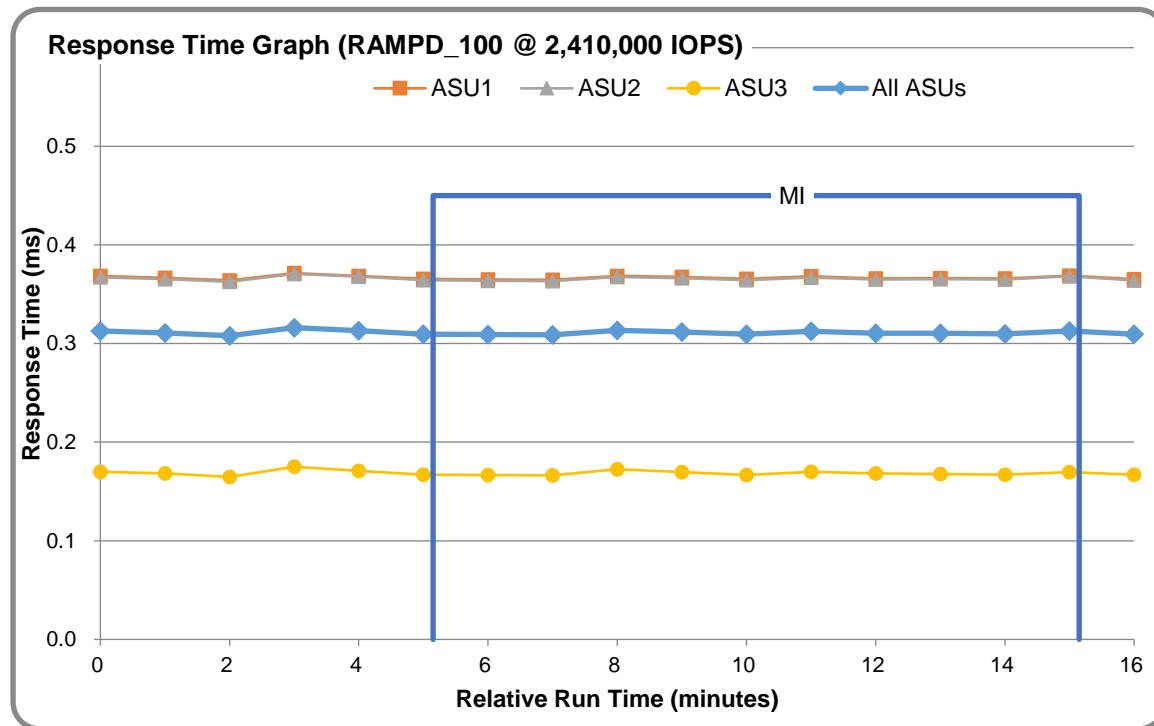
RAMPD 100 – Execution Times

| Interval | Start Time | End Time | Duration |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Transition Period | 15-Nov-18 05:36:25 | 15-Nov-18 05:41:26 | 0:05:01 |
| Measurement Interval | 15-Nov-18 05:41:26 | 15-Nov-18 05:51:26 | 0:10:00 |

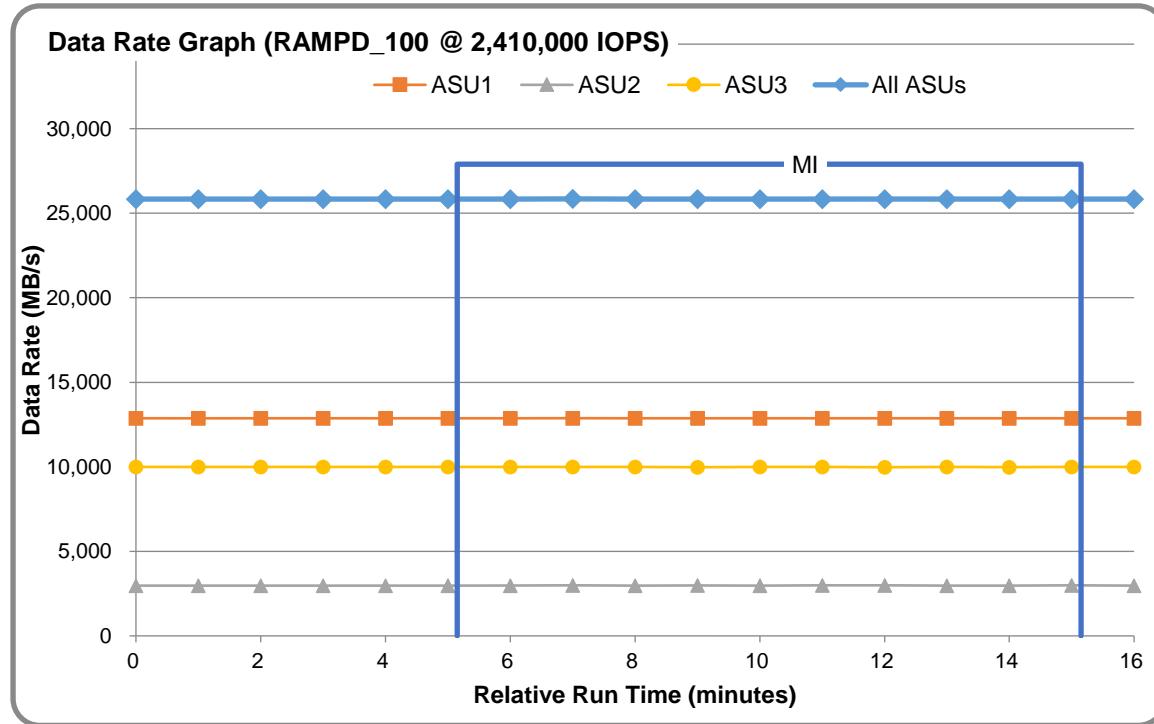
RAMPD 100 – Throughput Graph



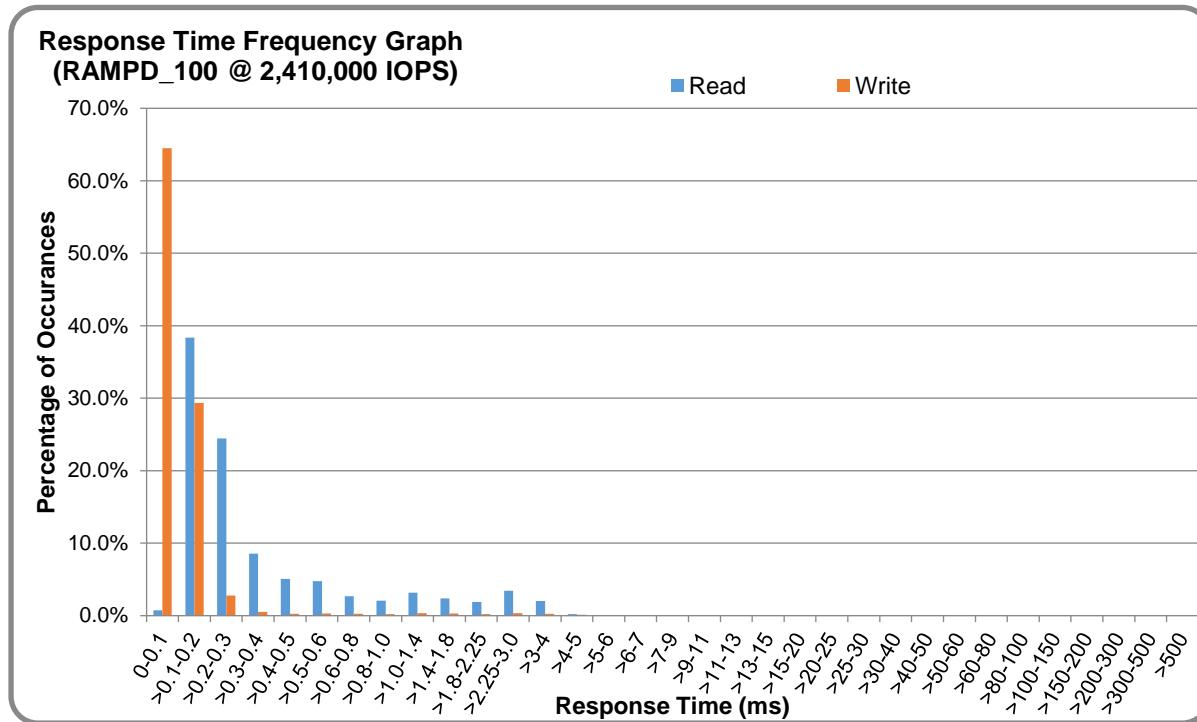
RAMPD 100 – Response Time Graph



RAMPD 100 – Data Rate Graph



RAMPD 100 – Response Time Frequency Graph



RAMPD 100 – Intensity Multiplier

The following table lists the targeted intensity multiplier (Defined), the measured intensity multiplier (Measured) for each I/O STREAM, its coefficient of variation (Variation) and the percentage of difference (Difference) between Target and Measured.

| | ASU1-1 | ASU1-2 | ASU1-3 | ASU1-4 | ASU2-1 | ASU2-2 | ASU2-3 | ASU3-1 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Defined | 0.0350 | 0.2810 | 0.0700 | 0.2100 | 0.0180 | 0.0700 | 0.0350 | 0.2810 |
| Measured | 0.0350 | 0.2810 | 0.0700 | 0.2100 | 0.0180 | 0.0700 | 0.0350 | 0.2810 |
| Variation | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0006 | 0.0003 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 |
| Difference | 0.008% | 0.001% | 0.005% | 0.003% | 0.046% | 0.000% | 0.010% | 0.000% |

RAMPD 100 – I/O Request Summary

| | |
|--|---------------|
| I/O Requests Completed in the Measurement Interval | 1,446,176,219 |
| I/O Requests Completed with Response Time <= 30 ms | 1,446,170,555 |
| I/O Requests Completed with Response Time > 30 ms | 5,664 |

Response Time Ramp Test

Response Time Ramp Test – Results File

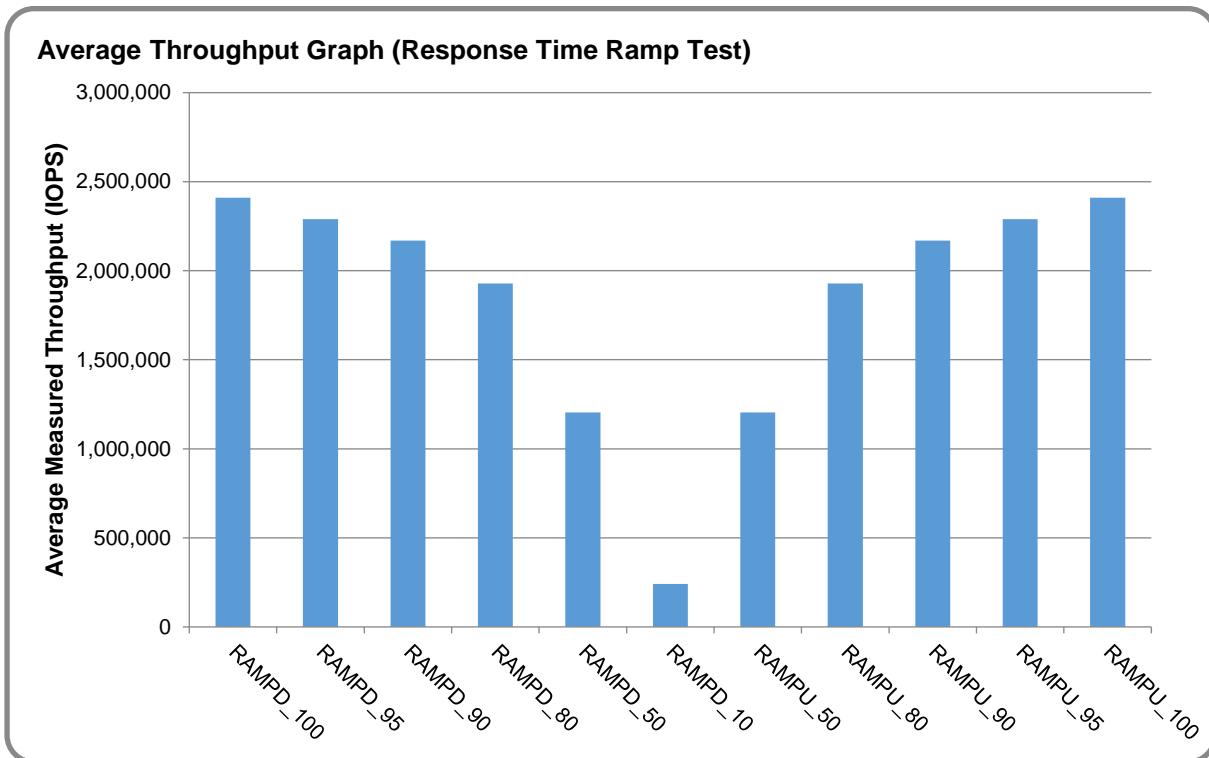
The results file generated during the execution of the Response Time Ramp Test is included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) as follows:

- **SPC1_METRICS_0_Raw_Results.xlsx**

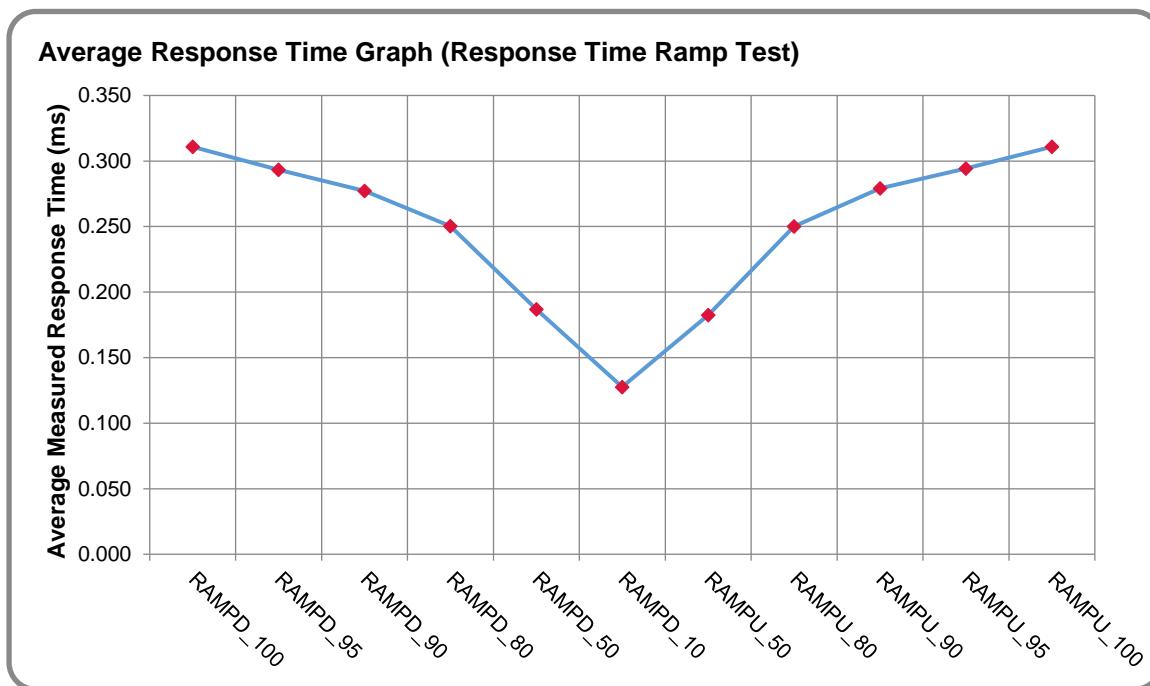
Response Time Ramp Test – Phases

The Response Time Ramp Test is comprised of 11 Test Phases, including six Ramp-Down Phases (executed at 100%, 95%, 90%, 80%, 50%, and 10% of the Business Scaling Unit) and five Ramp-Up Phases (executed at 50%, 80%, 90%, 95%, and 100% of the Business Scaling Unit).

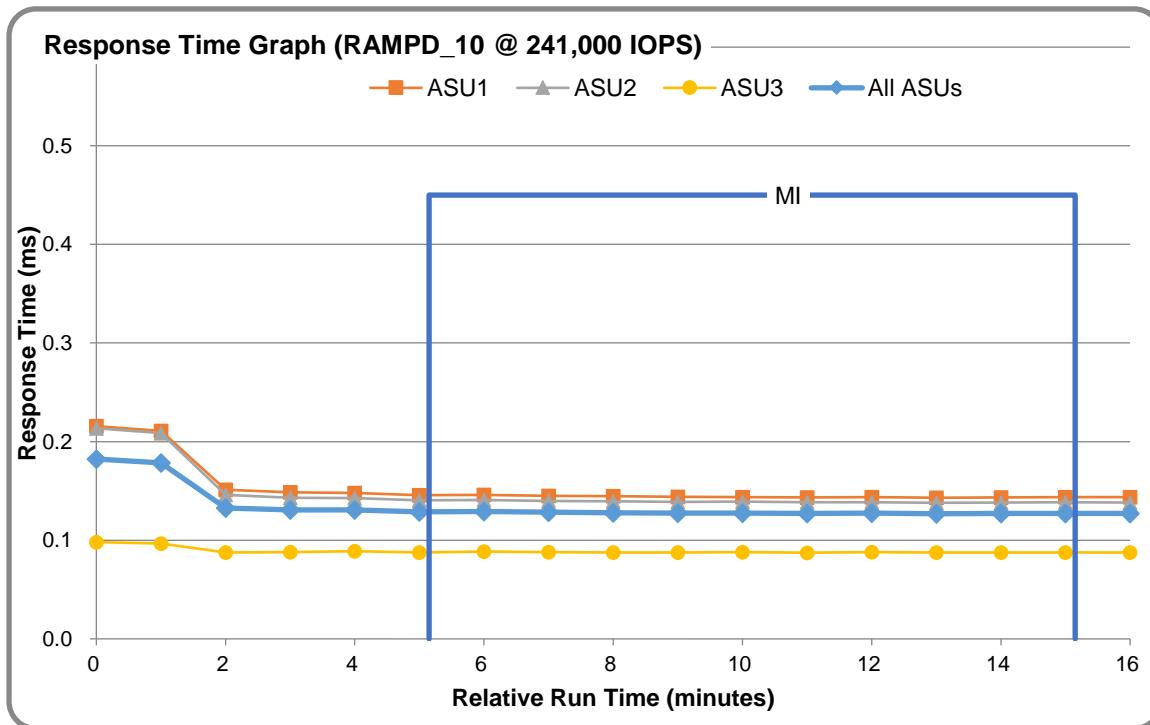
Response Time Ramp Test – Average Throughput Graph



Response Time Ramp Test – Average Response Time Graph



Response Time Ramp Test – RAMPD_10 Response Time Graph



Repeatability Test

Repeatability Test Results File

The results file generated during the execution of the Repeatability Test is included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) as follows:

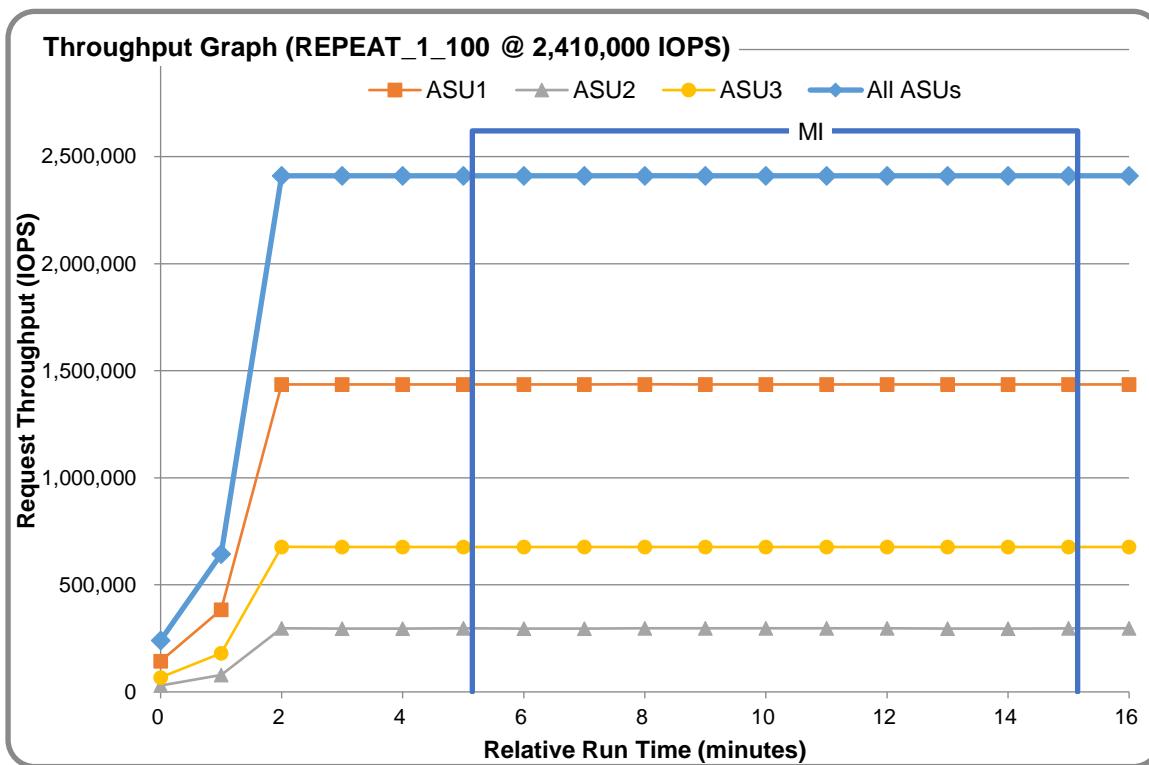
- **SPC1_METRICS_0_Raw_Results.xlsx**

Repeatability Test Results

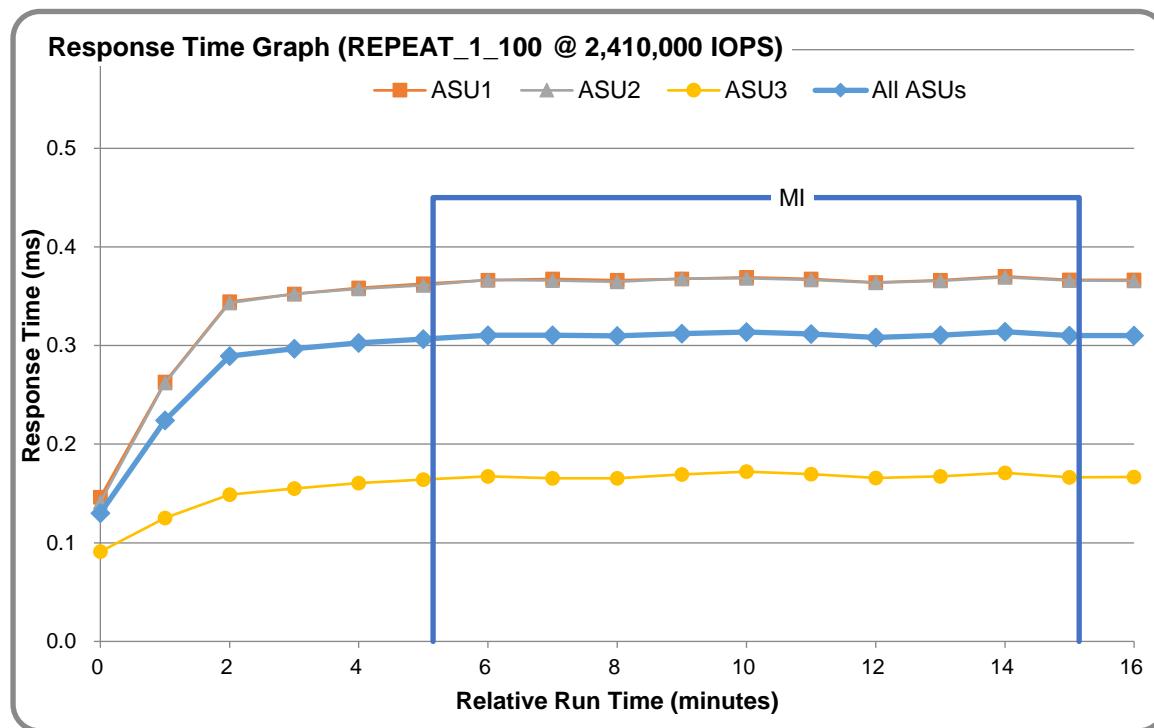
The throughput measurements for the Response Time Ramp Test (RAMPD) and the Repeatability Test Phases (REPEAT_1 and REPEAT_2) are listed in the tables below.

| Test Phase | 100% IOPS | 10% IOPS |
|------------|-------------|-----------|
| RAMPD | 2,410,271.3 | 241,011.0 |
| REPEAT_1 | 2,410,246.6 | 241,014.7 |
| REPEAT_2 | 2,410,270.6 | 241,042.6 |

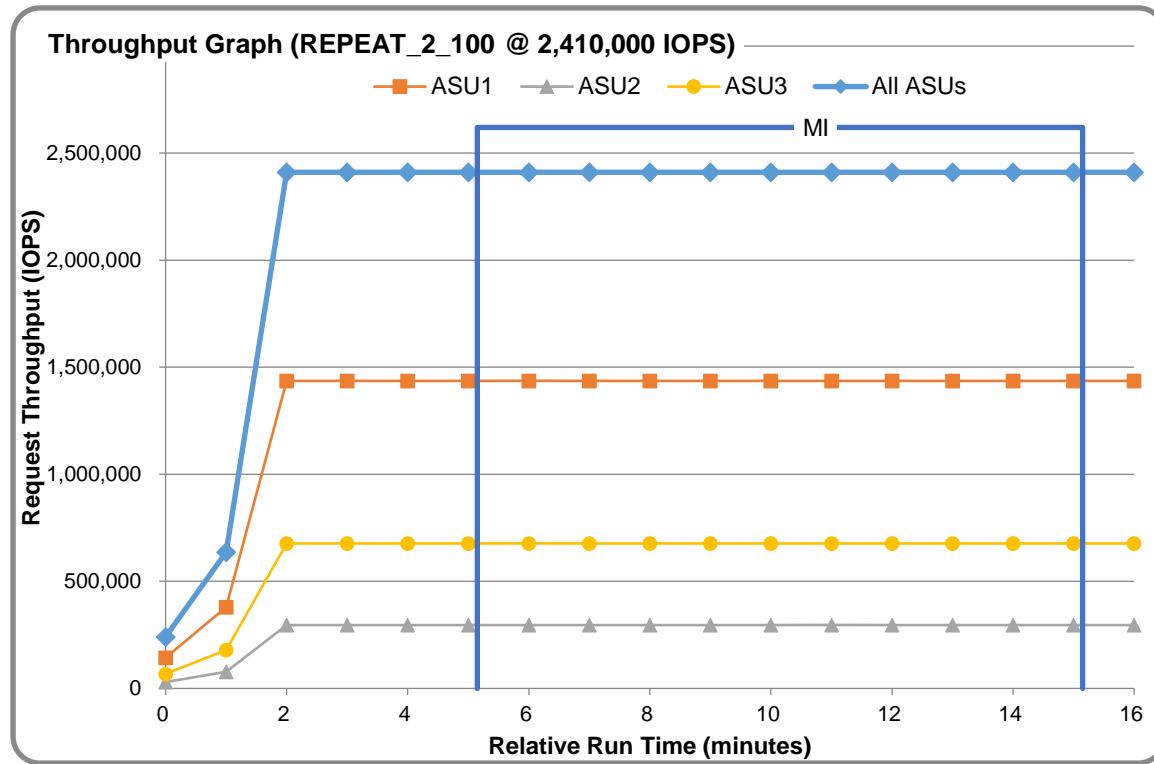
REPEAT_1_100 – Throughput Graph



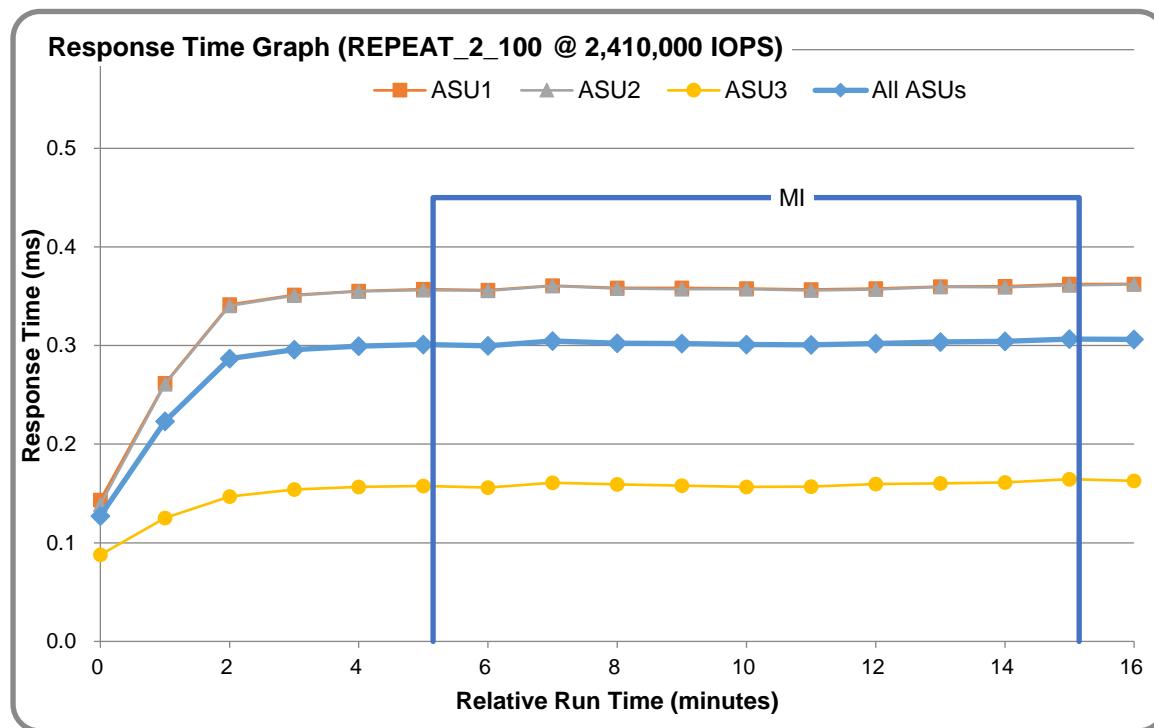
REPEAT 1 100 – Response Time Graph



REPEAT 2 100 – Throughput Graph



REPEAT_2_100 – Response Time Graph



Repeatability Test – Intensity Multiplier

The following tables lists the targeted intensity multiplier (Defined), the measured intensity multiplier (Measured) for each I/O STREAM, its coefficient of variation (Variation) and the percent of difference (Difference) between Target and Measured.

REPEAT_1_100 Test Phase

| | ASU1-1 | ASU1-2 | ASU1-3 | ASU1-4 | ASU2-1 | ASU2-2 | ASU2-3 | ASU3-1 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Defined | 0.0350 | 0.2810 | 0.0700 | 0.2100 | 0.0180 | 0.0700 | 0.0350 | 0.2810 |
| Measured | 0.0350 | 0.2810 | 0.0700 | 0.2100 | 0.0180 | 0.0700 | 0.0350 | 0.2810 |
| Variation | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0004 | 0.0004 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 |
| Difference | 0.019% | 0.000% | 0.006% | 0.005% | 0.007% | 0.000% | 0.019% | 0.002% |

REPEAT_2_100 Test Phase

| | ASU1-1 | ASU1-2 | ASU1-3 | ASU1-4 | ASU2-1 | ASU2-2 | ASU2-3 | ASU3-1 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Defined | 0.0350 | 0.2810 | 0.0700 | 0.2100 | 0.0180 | 0.0700 | 0.0350 | 0.2810 |
| Measured | 0.0350 | 0.2810 | 0.0700 | 0.2100 | 0.0180 | 0.0700 | 0.0350 | 0.2810 |
| Variation | 0.0004 | 0.0002 | 0.0005 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.0004 | 0.0006 | 0.0002 |
| Difference | 0.012% | 0.008% | 0.003% | 0.002% | 0.012% | 0.027% | 0.015% | 0.003% |

Space Optimization Reporting

Description of Techniques Used

No space optimization was used for this SPC-1 result.

Physical Free Space Measurements

The following table lists the Physical Free Space as measured at each of the required points during test execution. If space optimization techniques were not used, “NA” is reported.

| Physical Free Space Measurement | Free Space (GB) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| After Logical Volume Creation | NA |
| After ASU Pre-Fill | NA |
| After Repeatability Test Phase | NA |

Space Optimization Metrics

The following table lists the required space optimization metrics. If space optimization techniques were not used, “NA” is reported.

| Space Optimization Metric | Value |
|---------------------------------|-------|
| SPC-1 Space Optimization Ratio | NA |
| SPC-1 Space Effectiveness Ratio | NA |

Data Persistence Test

Data Persistence Test Results File

The results files generated during the execution of the Data Persistence Test is included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) as follows:

- **SPC1_PERSIST_1_0_Raw_Results.xlsx**
- **SPC1_PERSIST_2_0_Raw_Results.xlsx**

Data Persistence Test Execution

The Data Persistence Test was executed using the following sequence of steps:

- The PERSIST_1_0 Test Phase was executed to completion.
- The Benchmark Configuration was taken through an orderly shutdown process and powered off.
- The Benchmark Configuration was powered on and taken through an orderly startup process.
- The PERSIST_2_0 Test Phase was executed to completion.

Data Persistence Test Results

| Data Persistence Test Phase: Persist1 | |
|--|-------------|
| Total Number of Logical Blocks Written | 478,651,585 |
| Total Number of Logical Blocks Verified | 233,295,120 |
| Total Number of Logical Blocks Overwritten | 245,356,465 |
| Total Number of Logical Blocks that Failed Verification | 0 |
| Time Duration for Writing Test Logical Blocks (sec.) | 601 |
| Size in bytes of each Logical Block | 8,192 |
| Number of Failed I/O Requests in the process of the Test | 0 |

Committed Data Persistence Implementation

The persistency of committed data is implemented at the disk level, where data loss is prevented through the use of RAID 1 arrays. At the controller level, the cache is set-up in write-through mode and needs not to be protected to ensure persistence of committed data.

APPENDIX A: SUPPORTING FILES

The following table details the content of the Supporting Files provided as part of this Full Disclosure Report.

| File Name | Description | Location |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| /SPC1_RESULTS | Data reduction worksheets | root |
| SPC1_INIT_0_Raw_Results.xlsx | Raw results for INIT Test Phase | /SPC1_RESULTS |
| SPC1_METRICS_0_Quick_Look.xlsx | Quick Look Test Run Overview | /SPC1_RESULTS |
| SPC1_METRICS_0_Raw_Results.xlsx | Raw results for Primary Metrics Test | /SPC1_RESULTS |
| SPC1_METRICS_0_Summary_Results.xlsx | Primary Metrics Summary | /SPC1_RESULTS |
| SPC1_PERSIST_1_0_Raw_Results.xlsx | Raw results for PERSIST1 Test Phase | /SPC1_RESULTS |
| SPC1_PERSIST_2_0_Raw_Results.xlsx | Raw results for PERSIST2 Test Phase | /SPC1_RESULTS |
| SPC1_Run_Set_Overview.xlsx | Run Set Overview Worksheet | /SPC1_RESULTS |
| SPC1_VERIFY_0_Raw_Results.xlsx | Raw results for first VERIFY Test Phase | /SPC1_RESULTS |
| SPC1_VERIFY_1_Raw_Results.xlsx | Raw results for second VERIFY Test Phase | /SPC1_RESULTS |
| /C_Tuning | Tuning parameters and options | root |
| rc.local | Set tuning parameters | /C_Tuning |
| /D_Creation | Storage configuration creation | root |
| create_nvmet_md.sh | Create the NVMe over Fabric setup | /D_Creation |
| lvcreate.sh | Create the Logical Volumes | /D_Creation |
| mdcreate.sh | Create RAID volumes | /D_Creation |
| mdfrozen.sh | Stop RAID re-sync activity | /D_Creation |
| parted.sh | Create partitions on the NVMe devices | /D_Creation |
| rm_parted.sh | Remove pre-existing partitions | /D_Creation |
| /E_Inventory | Configuration inventory | root |
| inventory_start.out | Storage inventory before INIT | /E_Inventory |
| inventory_end.out | Storage inventory after restart | /E_Inventory |
| /F_Generator | Workload generator | root |
| hst1_linear.asu | Defining LUNs hosting the ASUs | /F_generator |
| 5host.HST | Host configuration file | /F_generator |
| spc1.sh | Executing all test phases | /F_generator |

APPENDIX B: THIRD PARTY QUOTATION

| Quotation | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|---|------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Date | : 10-Nov-2018 | | NO. | TJQ2018-1110001 | | | | |
| Attention | : | | C.C | | | | | |
| Project | : For SPC-1 Test with HHS3124F & HHS2112F | | | | | | | |
| Price Availability | : 12-Dec-2018 | | | | | | | |
| Company | : Taejin Infotech Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | |
| Sign Name | : Hyukjung Ahn | | | | | | | |
| Position | : CTO | | | | Total Amount : | 691,767.07 (USD) | | |
| NO. | Item | Description | Q'ty | Unit Price | Amount | DC % | Final Amount | Remark |
| 1 | 90102-0001-00A | HHS2112F All NVMe Storage | 8 | 50,379.73 | 403,037.82 | 50% | 201,518.91 | |
| | | Detail Specification 2U / 12 disk bays Dual Intel Xeon E5-2600v3/v4 Family, 16x DIMM Slots, 800W redundant PSU 80Plus platinum | | | | | | |
| 2 | 90102-0002-00A | HHS3124F All NVMe Storage | 2 | 91,777.78 | 183,555.56 | 50% | 91,777.78 | |
| | | Detail Specification 3U / 24 disk bays Dual Intel Xeon E5-2600v3/v4 Family, 16x DIMM Slots, 1000W redundant PSU 80Plus platinum | | | | | | |
| 3 | 20204-0001-00A | DDR4 16GB PC4-17000 ECC/REG | 28 | 179.64 | 5,029.89 | 0% | 5,029.89 | Resale (Samsung) |
| | | Detail Specification 16GB PC4-17000 DDR Rdimm Ecc Reg RXB CL17 1.2V | | | | | | |
| 4 | 20204-0002-00A | DDR4 16GB PC4-19200 ECC/REG | 12 | 179.64 | 2,155.67 | 0% | 2,155.67 | Resale (Samsung) |
| | | Detail Specification 16GB PC4-19200 DDR Rdimm Ecc Reg RXB CL17 1.2V | | | | | | |
| 5 | 22209-0001-00A | 100G IB EDR HCA CARD CX556A - ConnectX-5 | 15 | 951.00 | 14,265.00 | 0% | 14,265.00 | Resale (Mellanox) |
| | | Detail Specification ConnectX-5 Ex VPI Adapter Card EDR IB and 100GbE Dual-port QSFP28 PCIe4.0 x16 Tall Bracket ROHS R6 Intelligent RDMA-enabled network adapter card with advanced application offload capabilities for High-Performance Computing, Web2.0, Cloud and Storage platforms | | | | | | |
| 6 | 22202-0001-00A | Raid Controller SAS/SATA Megaraid 9361-8i | 10 | 931.61 | 9,316.10 | 0% | 9,316.10 | Resale (Broadcom) |
| | | Detail Specification Connect up to 8 SATA or SAS drives via direct connection inside the box or up to 240 drives leveraging SAS expander technology Fit into rack-mounted servers with low-profile form factor and side-mounted SAS connectors Support critical, high-bandwidth applications with PCIe® 3.0 connectivity Balance protection and performance for critical applications with RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, and 60 | | | | | | |
| 7 | 22506-0003-00A | SSD 480GB SATA3 2.5" | 4 | 281.64 | 1,126.56 | 0% | 1,126.56 | Resale (Samsung) |
| | | Detail Specification SATA 6Gb/s SSD SAMSUNG MZ7KM480HAHP-00005 480GB SM863 480GB SATA-6GBPS 2.5INCH MLC INTERNAL SOLID STATE DRIVE, BRAND NEW WITH STANDARD MFG WARRANTY CAPACITY : 480 GB INTERFACE : SATA-6GBPS DRIVE DIMENSIONS : 2.5 INCH NAND FLASH MEMORY TYPE : MULTI-LEVEL CELL (MLC) TRIM SUPPORT : YES MTBF : 2,000,000 HOURS POWER CONSUMPTION : 2.2 WATT (READ) 2.8 WATT (WRITE) | | | | | | |
| 8 | 22505-0001-00A | HDD 300GB SAS 2.5" 10KRPM | 4 | 55.00 | 220.00 | 0% | 220.00 | Resale (HGST) |
| | | Detail Specification Hitachi GST Ultrastar C10K300 HUC10300CSS600 300GB 10000 RPM 64MB Cache SAS 6Gb/s 2.5" Enterprise Internal Hard Drive Bare Drive + 10000 RPM + 64MB Cache + SAS 6Gb/s + 3 years limited | | | | | | |
| 9 | 22505-0002-00A | HDD 146GB SAS 2.5" 10KRPM | 6 | 40.07 | 240.42 | 0% | 240.42 | Resale (Seagate) |
| | | Detail Specification Seagate Savvio 10K.3 ST9146803SS 146GB 10000 RPM 16MB Cache SAS 6Gb/s 2.5" Internal Enterprise Hard Drive Bare Drive + 10000 RPM + 16MB Cache + SAS 6Gb/s + Ideal for Servers | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---|----|-----------|------------|-----|------------------|-------------------|
| 10 | 22505-0003-00A | HDD 300GB SAS 2.5" 10.5K RPM | 2 | 55.00 | 110.00 | 0% | 110.00 | Resale (Toshiba) |
| Detail Specification | | | | | | | | |
| Toshiba AL155EB 300GB 10500 RPM 64MB Cache SAS 6Gb/s 2.5" Internal Enterprise Hard Drive Bare Drive | | | | | | | | |
| + 10500 RPM + 64MB Cache + SAS 6Gb/s + ideal for Servers | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 22505-0004-00A | HDD 147GB SAS 2.5" 15K RPM | 4 | 42.10 | 168.40 | 0% | 168.40 | Resale (Hitachi) |
| Detail Specification | | | | | | | | |
| Hitachi GST Ultrastar C15K147 HUC151414CSS600 147GB 15000 RPM 64MB Cache SAS 6Gb/s 2.5" Enterprise Internal Hard Drive Bare Drive | | | | | | | | |
| + 15000 RPM + 64MB Cache + SAS 6Gb/s + 3 years limited | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 22501-0003-00A | NVMe SSD HGST 1.6TB, SN200 | 8 | 1,306.62 | 10,452.96 | 0% | 10,452.96 | Resale (HGST) |
| Detail Specification | | | | | | | | |
| Capacity: 1.6TB Sustained Throughput: 3300/2100 | | | | | | | | |
| Speed: Solid State Memory Electrical Interface: PCIe - v3.0 - 32Gbps | | | | | | | | |
| Interface Types: PCIe SSD Type: MLC | | | | | | | | |
| Form Factor: 2.5in x 15mm SFF Server Drive SSD Endurance DWPD: Enterprise Read Intensive | | | | | | | | |
| Sector Size: 512 / 512e Manufacture: HGST Ultrastar SN200 HUSPR3216ADP301 | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | 22501-0001-00A | NVMe SSD SAMSUNG 1.6TB, PM1725A | 14 | 1,306.62 | 18,292.68 | 0% | 18,292.68 | Resale (Samsung) |
| Detail Specification | | | | | | | | |
| Capacity: 1.6TB Sustained Throughput: 3300/2950 | | | | | | | | |
| Speed: Solid State Memory Electrical Interface: PCIe - v3.0 - 32Gbps | | | | | | | | |
| Interface Types: PCIe SSD Type: Samsung V-NAND | | | | | | | | |
| Form Factor: 2.5in x 15mm SFF Server Drive SSD Endurance DWPD: 5 DWPD for 5 years | | | | | | | | |
| Sector Size: 512 / 512e Manufacture: Samsung PM1725A MZWL1T6HEHP-00003 | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | 22501-0002-00A | NVMe SSD Intel 1.6TB, DCP4600 Series | 56 | 1,306.62 | 73,170.73 | 0% | 73,170.73 | Resale (Intel) |
| Detail Specification | | | | | | | | |
| Capacity: 1.6TB Sustained Throughput: 3200/2100 | | | | | | | | |
| Speed: Solid State Memory Electrical Interface: PCIe - v3.0 - 32Gbps | | | | | | | | |
| Interface Types: PCIe SSD Type: 64-Layer 3D TLC NAND | | | | | | | | |
| Form Factor: 2.5in x 15mm SFF Server Drive SSD Endurance: 12.25PBW | | | | | | | | |
| Sector Size: 512 / 512e Manufacture: Intel DCP4600 SSDPE2KB016T7, SSDPE2KB016TB | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 31020-0008-00 | Board PCI-e Switching GEN3 x8 4Port for HHS2112F,HHS3124F | 20 | 5,088.95 | 100,779.00 | 50% | 50,389.50 | |
| Detail Specification | | | | | | | | |
| Connect up to 4 NVMe drives via direct connection inside the box | | | | | | | | |
| Fit into rack-mounted servers with low-profile form factor and side-mounted SAS connectors | | | | | | | | |
| Support critical, high-bandwidth applications with PCIe® 3.0 connectivity | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | 10401-0001-00A | MS87890ES2F 100G IB SWITCH By Mellanox | 1 | 18,423.08 | 18,423.08 | 0% | 18,423.08 | Resale (Mellanox) |
| Detail Specification | | | | | | | | |
| InfiniBand EDR 100Gb/s Switch System | | | | | | | | |
| 36-port Non-blocking Externally-managed EDR 100Gb/s InfiniBand Smart Switch | | | | | | | | |
| 19" rack mountable 1U chassis | | | | | | | | |
| 36 QSFP28 non-blocking ports with aggregate data throughput up to 7.2Tb/s (EDR) | | | | | | | | |
| Typical Power with Passive Cables (ATIS): 122W | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | 22B09-0001-00A | MCP1600-E002 IB EDR CABLE | 30 | 136.76 | 4,102.79 | 0% | 4,102.79 | Resale (Mellanox) |
| Detail Specification | | | | | | | | |
| Passive Copper Cable IB EDR up to 100Gb/s QSFP LSZH 2m 26AWG | | | | | | | | |
| Technology: InfiniBand Max Speed: EDR | | | | | | | | |
| Material: Copper Connector Type: QSFP28 | | | | | | | | |
| Passive/Active: Passive Length: 2m | | | | | | | | |
| ECCN: EAR99 | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 58090-0001-00A | 42U Rack Cabinet | 1 | 776.59 | 776.59 | 0% | 776.59 | Resale (Delog) |
| Detail Specification | | | | | | | | |
| Construction : Bolted | | | | | | | | |
| Material : Aluminum extrusion and Sheet steel | | | | | | | | |
| Color : BLACK [EN302K] / [U-BK0556-W0] | | | | | | | | |
| Size : H2030(42U) x D1000 x W600 | | | | | | | | |
| Product Weight (KG) : 87.5 | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----------------|---|----|--------------------------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 19 | 60304-0002-00A | Storage Software per Node | 10 | 20,000.00 | 200,000.00 | 50% | 100,000.00 | Resale (Glueys) |
| | | Detail Specification | | | | | | |
| | | Anystor Enterprise NAS O/S (Good SW Certified) | | AnyManager | | | | |
| | | - RAID: 0, 1, 10, 5, 6 Support | | - Web UI NAS Management Tool | | | | |
| | | Protocol Support | | - Volume Manage & Monitoring | | | | |
| | | - NFS, CIFS, AFP | | - Auto / Manual recovery | | | | |
| | | NVMe Options | | - POSIX FS API Support | | | | |
| | | - SW RAID based Block Storage Support | | - SSD Acceleration module | | | | |
| | | - Web UI NVMe & NVMe-oF Management Tool | | - Monitoring Tool on WEB (WMS) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | Sub Total | | | | 1,045,223.26 | 42% | 601,537.07 |
| 20 | A0103-0001-00A | Premium Package 3-Year Support & Maintenance per Node | 10 | 18,046.00 | 180,460.00 | 50% | 90,230.00 | |
| | | Total | | | | 1,225,683.26 | 44% | 691,767.07 |
| | | Note | | | | | | |
| | | 1. Payment: L/C or T/T | | | | | | |
| | | 2. Shipment: F.O.B. Inchon | | | | | | |

APPENDIX C: TUNING PARAMETERS AND OPTIONS

The following scripts, listed below, were used to set tuning parameters and options:

- The script ***rc.local*** was used to set aio-max-nr to the value of max_user_watches and to set ulimit to 1000.

The script described above are included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) and listed below.

rc.local

```
#!/bin/bash
# THIS FILE IS ADDED FOR COMPATIBILITY PURPOSES
#
# It is highly advisable to create own systemd services or udev rules
# to run scripts during boot instead of using this file.
#
# In contrast to previous versions due to parallel execution during boot
# this script will NOT be run after all other services.
#
# Please note that you must run 'chmod +x /etc/rc.d/rc.local' to ensure
# that this script will be executed during boot.

touch /var/lock/subsys/local
cat /proc/sys/fs/epoll/max_user_watches >> /proc/sys/fs/aio-max-nr
ulimit -n 1000
```

APPENDIX D: STORAGE CONFIGURATION CREATION

Environment

First, the following shell scripts are executed on each of the storage nodes.

- ***parted.sh***
- ***mdcreate.sh***
- ***rm_parted.sh***
- ***mdfrozen.sh***
- ***create_nvmet_md.sh***

Step 1 - Create Partitions, RAID volumes

The ***parted.sh*** shell scripts listed below, performs the following actions:

- Create 2 partitions on each NVMe device

The ***mdcreate.sh*** shell scripts listed below, performs the following actions:

- On each node, create 8 RAID 1 volumes using 2 partitions across 2 nearby NVMe devices (only 6 volumes were created on nodes with only 6 NVMe SSDs)
- Collects RAID configuration information for use during reboot
- Invoke the ***rm_parted.sh*** script to remove any pre-existing partitions from the RAID volumes
- Invoke the ***mdfrozen.sh*** script to stop RAID re-sync activity

The command files described above are included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) and listed below.

parted.sh

```
#!/bin/sh

devs=$(ls /dev/nvme?n?)

for dev in $devs
do
    parted -a optimal -s $dev mklabel gpt mkpart primary 1 50% mkpart primary 50%
    100%; parted -s $dev unit s print
done

sleep 2
lsblk

sleep 2
/root/mgmt_script/set_kernel_parameters.sh
```

mdcreate.sh

```
#!/bin/sh

(echo "y") | mdadm -C /dev/md1 -l 1 -n 2 -c 512 /dev/nvme0n1p1 /dev/nvme1n1p1 --force
(echo "y") | mdadm -C /dev/md2 -l 1 -n 2 -c 512 /dev/nvme1n1p2 /dev/nvme0n1p2 --force
(echo "y") | mdadm -C /dev/md3 -l 1 -n 2 -c 512 /dev/nvme2n1p1 /dev/nvme3n1p1 --force
(echo "y") | mdadm -C /dev/md4 -l 1 -n 2 -c 512 /dev/nvme3n1p2 /dev/nvme2n1p2 --force
(echo "y") | mdadm -C /dev/md5 -l 1 -n 2 -c 512 /dev/nvme4n1p1 /dev/nvme5n1p1 --force
(echo "y") | mdadm -C /dev/md6 -l 1 -n 2 -c 512 /dev/nvme5n1p2 /dev/nvme4n1p2 --force
(echo "y") | mdadm -C /dev/md7 -l 1 -n 2 -c 512 /dev/nvme6n1p1 /dev/nvme7n1p1 --force
(echo "y") | mdadm -C /dev/md8 -l 1 -n 2 -c 512 /dev/nvme7n1p2 /dev/nvme6n1p2 --force

mdadm --verbose --detail --scan > /etc/mdadm.conf
/root/mgmt_script/rm_parted.sh
sleep 2
/root/mgmt_script/mdfrozen.sh
```

rm_parted.sh

```
#!/bin/sh

parted -s /dev/md1 rm 1 rm 2
parted -s /dev/md2 rm 1 rm 2
parted -s /dev/md3 rm 1 rm 2
parted -s /dev/md4 rm 1 rm 2
parted -s /dev/md5 rm 1 rm 2
parted -s /dev/md6 rm 1 rm 2
parted -s /dev/md7 rm 1 rm 2
parted -s /dev/md8 rm 1 rm 2

lsblk
```

mdfrozen.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
cmd=$1

devs=$(ls /dev/md? | awk -F '/' '{print $3}')

for dev in $devs;
do
    echo frozen >> /sys/block/$dev/md/sync_action
done

sleep 2
cat /proc/mdstat
```

Step 2 – Set-Up NVMe Over Fabric

The ***create_nvmet_md.sh*** command file, listed below, includes all the CLI commands to perform the following actions:

- Create an NVMe subsystem
- Create an NVMe namespace for each RAID volume
- Set the NVMe device paths
- Enable the namespace
- Create NVMe_oF connections

The command file described above is included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) and listed below.

create_nvmet_md.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
nvmetcli clear

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/attr_allow_any_host

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/1
echo -n /dev/	md1 >/sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/1/device_path
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/1/enable

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/2
echo -n /dev/	md2 >/sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/2/device_path
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/2/enable

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/3
echo -n /dev/	md3 >/sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/3/device_path
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/3/enable

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/4
echo -n /dev/	md4 >/sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/4/device_path
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0/namespaces/4/enable

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/1
echo 4420 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/1/addr_trsvcid
echo 1.1.1.201 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/1/addr_traddr
echo rdma > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/1/addr_trtype
echo ipv4 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/1/addr_adrfam

ln -s /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib0
      /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/1/subsystems/nvme-ib0

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/attr_allow_any_host

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/namespaces/5
echo -n /dev/	md5 >/sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/namespaces/5/device_path
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/namespaces/5/enable
```

```

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/namespaces/6
echo -n /dev/md6 >/sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-
ib1/namespaces/6/device_path
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/namespaces/6/enable

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/namespaces/7
echo -n /dev/md7 >/sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-
ib1/namespaces/7/device_path
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/namespaces/7/enable

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/namespaces/8
echo -n /dev/md8 >/sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-
ib1/namespaces/8/device_path
echo 1 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/subsystems/nvme-ib1/namespaces/8/enable

mkdir /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/2
echo 4420 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/2/addr_trsvcid
echo 1.1.2.201 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/2/addr_traddr
echo rdma > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/2/addr_trtype
echo ipv4 > /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/2/addr_adrfam

ln -s /sys/kernel/config/nvmet/ports/2/subsystems/nvme-ib1

sleep 2
nvmetcli save
nvmetcli ls

```

Step 3 - Create Volumes on the Host Systems

The following CLI commands were executed on the master host to perform the following actions:

- nvme discover to query the NVMe-over-Fabrics
- nvme connect-all to discover and connect to the Fabric controllers

The ***lvcreate.sh*** shell scripts listed below, performs the following actions:

- Create physical volumes for each RAID volume
- Create 1 volume group
- Create 9 logical volumes for ASU1
- Create 9 logical volumes for ASU2
- Create 1 logical volume for ASU3

The remaining hosts were connected to the newly created NVMe_oF using the CLI commands described above.

The shell script described above is included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) and listed below.

lvcreate.sh

```

#!/bin/sh
dev='/dev/nvme*n*'

```

```
pvcreate $dev
pvs --units G

vgcreate vg1 $dev
vgs --units G

num=$(ls $dev | wc -l)
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu1_1 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu1_2 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu1_3 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu1_4 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu1_5 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu1_6 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu1_7 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu1_8 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu1_9 $dev

lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu2_1 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu2_2 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu2_3 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu2_4 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu2_5 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu2_6 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu2_7 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu2_8 $dev
lvcreate -i$num -15%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu2_9 $dev

lvcreate -i$num -110%VG -I512 vg1 -n asu3_1 $dev

lvs --units G -v --segment
```

APPENDIX E: CONFIGURATION INVENTORY

An inventory of the Tested Storage Configuration (TSC) was collected during the execution the ***full_run.sh*** script. It generated the following log file:

- ***inventory_start.out*** List of configured volumes before the INIT Phase.
- ***inventory_end.out*** List of configured volumes after the PERSIST_2 Phase.

The above log files are included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A).

APPENDIX F: WORKLOAD GENERATOR

The ASUs accessed by the SPC-1 workload generator, are defined using the script ***hst1_linear.asu***.

The phases of the benchmark are executed using the script ***spc1.sh***. The script pauses before and after the PERSIST_1 test phase. The operator starts the PERSIST_1 test phase by pressing ENTER from the console where the script has been invoked. Once the TSC has been restarted, the PERSIST_2 test phase is executed by pressing ENTER once more.

The above scripts are included in the Supporting Files (see Appendix A) and listed below.

hst1_linear.asu

```
-- SPC-1 ASU definition file
-- $:id:
--
Offset = 0
--
ASU=1
device=/dev/vg1/asu1_1
device=/dev/vg1/asu1_2
device=/dev/vg1/asu1_3
device=/dev/vg1/asu1_4
device=/dev/vg1/asu1_5
device=/dev/vg1/asu1_6
device=/dev/vg1/asu1_7
device=/dev/vg1/asu1_8
device=/dev/vg1/asu1_9
--
ASU=2
device=/dev/vg1/asu2_1
device=/dev/vg1/asu2_2
device=/dev/vg1/asu2_3
device=/dev/vg1/asu2_4
device=/dev/vg1/asu2_5
device=/dev/vg1/asu2_6
device=/dev/vg1/asu2_7
device=/dev/vg1/asu2_8
device=/dev/vg1/asu2_9
--
ASU=3
device=/dev/vg1/asu3_1
```

spc1.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#spc1.sh A B
#A : SPC1 TEST PHASE
#B : SPC1 IOPS
cmd=$1
iops=$2

date=$(date '+%Y-%m-%d_%H:%M:%S')
```

```

date_time=$(date '+%H:%M:%S')
spc_home="/root/spc"
spc_master=$spc_home"/5host.HST"
log_home="/root/Logs"
target_ip="10.144.144.201    10.144.144.202    10.144.144.203    10.144.144.204
          10.144.144.205   10.144.144.206   10.144.144.207   10.144.144.208   10.144.144.209
          10.144.144.210"
host_ip="10.144.144.101      10.144.144.102      10.144.144.103      10.144.144.104
          10.144.144.105"

for ip in $target_ip;
do
    ping $ip -c 3
    echo -----
done

for ip in $host_ip;
do
    ping $ip -c 3
    echo -----
done

echo "ready?"
read

mkdir -p $log_home"/"$date
log_dir=$log_home"/"$date
sys_log=$log_dir"/inventory_start.out"
sys_log_end=$log_dir"/inventory_end.out"
mdadm_log=$log_dir"/mdadm.log"
stat_log_dir=$log_dir"/stat"
parm_log=$log_dir"/parm.log"
mkdir -p $stat_log_dir

cp /root/mgmt_script/spc1.sh $log_dir"/spc1-backup.sh"
cp $spc_home"/5host.HST" $log_dir"/5host.HST"
cp $spc_home"/SPC1_METRICS" $log_dir"/SPC1_METRICS"

echo "1. Get host information."

cat /etc/os-release >> $sys_log
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log
uname -r >> $sys_log
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log
nvme list >> $sys_log
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log
lsblk -b >> $sys_log
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log
fdisk -l >> $sys_log
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log
#cat /proc/mdstat >> $sys_log
#echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log
pvs --units G >> $sys_log
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log
vgs --units G >> $sys_log
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log
lvs --units G -v --segment >> $sys_log
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log

echo "2. Get NVMe information. (smartctl)"

for ip in $target_ip;

```

```

do
    echo ======$ip===== >> $sys_log
    dn=$(ssh root@$ip 'ls /dev/nvme?' | wc -l)
    #dn=`expr $dn - 1`
    for ((i=0;i<$dn;i++));
    do
        echo ++++++/dev/nvme$i+++++ >> $sys_log
        ssh root@$ip smartctl -a /dev/nvme$i >> $sys_log
    done
done

echo "3. Get Storage-RAID information."

for ip in $target_ip;
do
    echo ======$ip===== >> $mdadm_log
    dn=$(ssh root@$ip 'ls /dev/md?' | wc -l)
    for ((i=1;i<=$dn;i++));
    do
        echo ++++++/dev/md$i+++++ >> $mdadm_log
        ssh root@$ip mdadm -D /dev/md$i >> $mdadm_log
    done

    echo ++++++/etc/mdadm.conf+++++ >> $mdadm_log
    ssh root@$ip cat /etc/mdadm.conf >> $mdadm_log
done

echo "4. Get host disk parameter."

for ip in $host_ip;
do
    devs=$(ssh root@$ip 'ls /dev/nvme?n?' | awk -F '/' '{print $3}')
    echo ======$ip===== >> $parm_log

    for dev in $devs;
    do
        echo ++++++/dev/$dev+++++ >> $parm_log
        #devices configuration setup
        echo -n 'nr_requests : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/nr_requests >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'scheduler : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/scheduler >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'max_sectors_kb : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/max_sectors_kb >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'add_random : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/add_random >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'nomerges : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/nomerges >> $parm_log
    done
    #OS configuration setup
    echo '+++++system parameter+++++' >> $parm_log
    echo -n 'aio-max-nr : ' >> $parm_log
    echo '-----' >> $parm_log
    ssh root@$ip cat /proc/sys/fs/aio-max-nr >> $parm_log
    echo 'ulimit -a' >> $parm_log
    ssh root@$ip ulimit -a >> $parm_log
    echo '-----' >> $parm_log
    echo 'ulimit -aH' >> $parm_log
    ssh root@$ip ulimit -aH >> $parm_log
done

```

```

echo "5. Get storage NVMe parameter."

for ip in $target_ip;
do
    devs=$(ssh root@$ip 'ls /dev/nvme?n?' | awk -F '/' '{print $3}')

    echo ======$ip===== >> $parm_log

    for dev in $devs;
    do
        echo ++++++/dev/$dev++++++ >> $parm_log
        #devices configuration setup
        echo -n 'nr_requests : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/nr_requests >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'scheduler : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/scheduler >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'max_sectors_kb : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/max_sectors_kb >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'add_random : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/add_random >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'nomerges : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/nomerges >> $parm_log
    done
    #OS configuration setup
    echo '+++++system parameter+++++' >> $parm_log
    echo -n 'aio-max-nr : ' >> $parm_log
    ssh root@$ip cat /proc/sys/fs/aio-max-nr >> $parm_log
    echo '-----' >> $parm_log
    echo 'ulimit -a' >> $parm_log
    ssh root@$ip ulimit -a >> $parm_log
    echo '-----' >> $parm_log
    echo 'ulimit -aH' >> $parm_log
    ssh root@$ip ulimit -aH >> $parm_log
done

echo "6. Get storage RAID-Volume parameter."

for ip in $target_ip;
do
    devs=$(ssh root@$ip 'ls /dev/md?' | awk -F '/' '{print $3}')

    echo ======$ip===== >> $parm_log

    for dev in $devs;
    do
        echo ++++++/dev/$dev++++++ >> $parm_log
        #devices configuration setup
        echo -n 'nr_requests : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/nr_requests >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'scheduler : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/scheduler >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'max_sectors_kb : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/max_sectors_kb >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'add_random : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/add_random >> $parm_log
        echo -n 'nomerges : ' >> $parm_log
        ssh root@$ip cat /sys/block/$dev/queue/nomerges >> $parm_log
    done
done

echo "7. Start monitoring system."

```

```

#storage
for ip in $target_ip;
do
    ssh root@$ip '/root/mgmt_script/kill.sh vmstat'
    ssh root@$ip '/root/mgmt_script/kill.sh iostat'
    ssh root@$ip 'rm -rf /tmp/*stat.log'
    ssh root@$ip 'vmstat -t 10 > /tmp/vmstat.log &'
    ssh root@$ip 'iostat -mtx 10 > /tmp/iostat.log &'
done

#host
for ip in $host_ip;
do
    ssh root@$ip '/root/mgmt_script/kill.sh vmstat'
    ssh root@$ip '/root/mgmt_script/kill.sh iostat'
    ssh root@$ip 'rm -rf /tmp/*stat.log'
    ssh root@$ip 'vmstat -t 10 > /tmp/vmstat.log &'
    ssh root@$ip 'iostat -mtx 10 > /tmp/iostat.log &'
done

echo "8. Start SPC-1 Test."
sleep 1
echo -n "3.."
sleep 1
echo -n "2.."
sleep 1
echo -n "1.."
sleep 1
echo "Start!!"
sleep 2

## running spc1
/root/spc/spc1 -run SPC1_INIT -iops 15000 -master $spc_master -output $log_dir
/root/spc/spc1 -run SPC1_VERIFY -iops 100 -master $spc_master -output $log_dir
/root/spc/spc1 -run SPC1_METRICS -iops 2410000 -master $spc_master -output
$log_dir
/root/spc/spc1 -run SPC1_VERIFY -iops 100 -master $spc_master -output $log_dir
sleep 120

echo "9. Get system monitoring logs."
#storage
for ip in $target_ip;
do
    ssh root@$ip '/root/mgmt_script/kill.sh vmstat'
    ssh root@$ip '/root/mgmt_script/kill.sh iostat'
    scp root@$ip:/tmp/vmstat.log $stat_log_dir"/$ip"_vmstat.log"
    scp root@$ip:/tmp/iostat.log $stat_log_dir"/$ip"_iostat.log"
done

#host
for ip in $host_ip;
do
    ssh root@$ip '/root/mgmt_script/kill.sh vmstat'
    ssh root@$ip '/root/mgmt_script/kill.sh iostat'
    scp root@$ip:/tmp/vmstat.log $stat_log_dir"/$ip"_vmstat.log"
    scp root@$ip:/tmp/iostat.log $stat_log_dir"/$ip"_iostat.log"
done

echo "Stop"
read
/root/spc/spc1 -run SPC1_PERSIST_1 -iops 602500 -master $spc_master -output
$log_dir

```

```
echo "reboot"
read
/root/spc/spc1 -run SPC1_PERSIST_2 -iops 602500 -master $spc_master -output
$log_dir

## finish spc1
nvme list >> $sys_log_end

echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log_end
lsblk -b >> $sys_log_end
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log_end
fdisk -l >> $sys_log_end
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log_end
#cat /proc/mdstat >> $sys_log_end
#echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log_end
pvs --units G >> $sys_log_end
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log_end
vgs --units G >> $sys_log_end
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log_end
lvs --units G -v --segment >> $sys_log_end
echo -e "=====\\n" >> $sys_log_end

for ip in $target_ip;
do
    echo =====$ip===== >> $sys_log_end
    dn=$(ssh root@$ip 'ls /dev/nvme?' | wc -l)
    #dn=`expr $dn - 1`
    for ((i=0;i<=$dn;i++));
    do
        echo ++++++/dev/nvme$i+++++ >> $sys_log_end
        ssh root@$ip smartctl -a /dev/nvme$i >> $sys_log_end
    done
done

for ip in $target_ip
do
    echo =====$ip=====
    ssh root@$ip 'rm -rf /tmp/*stat.log'
done

for ip in $host_ip
do
    echo =====$ip=====
    ssh root@$ip 'rm -rf /tmp/*stat.log'
done
```